Stock Code: 6525

# GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

# Consolidated Financial Statements with CPA's Audit Report

Second Quarter of 2024 and 2023

Address: PO Box 472, 2nd Floor, Harbour Place, Grand

Cayman, KY1-1106, Cayman Island

Tel: (02)22480680

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

## **§TABLE OF CONTENTS§**

	Item	Page	Financial Statement Note
Chapter I.	Cover	1	
Chapter II.	Table of Contents	2	-
Chapter III.	CPA's Audit Report	3-7	-
Chapter IV.	Consolidated Balance Sheet	8	-
Chapter V.	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	9	-
Chapter VI.	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	10	-
Chapter VII.	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	11-12	_
-	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements		
•	1. Company History	13	1
	2. Dates and Procedures for the Financial Statement Approval	13	2
	3. Application of New and Revised Standards, Amendments, and Interpretations	13-15	3
	Summary of Significant Accounting     Policies	15-17	4
	5. Major Sources of Uncertainty in Significant Accounting Judgments,	17	5
	Estimations, and Assumptions 6. Description of Significant Accounting Items	17-42	6-25
	7. Related Party Transaction	42-44	26
	8. Pledged Assets	-	-
	9. Material Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contractual Commitments	45	27
	10. Losses Due to Major Disasters	-	-
	11. Major Subsequent Events	-	_
	12. Other	45-46	28
	13. Notes to Disclosures		
	(1) Information on Significant Transactions	46-47, 49-51	29
	(2) Information on Investees	47, 52	29
	(3) Information of Investment in Mainland China	47, 53	29
	(4) Information of Major Shareholders	48, 54	29
	14. Department Information	48	30

#### **CPA's Audit Report**

GEM Services, Inc.:

#### **Qualified Opinion**

Consolidated Balance Sheets of GEM Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries (GEM Group) as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, in addition to the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (including a summary of significant accounting policies), have been audited by us.

Except for the potential influence as stated in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph, according to our opinion, we have determined that the foregoing consolidated financial statements have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC, with a fair presentation of the GEM Group 's consolidated financial position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, consolidated financial performance for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and consolidated cash flows for six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### **Basis for a Qualified Opinion**

As stated in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements, the GEM Group's investments using the equity method as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 totaled NT\$124,883 thousand and NT\$102,654 thousand, respectively, and share of profit/loss of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 amounted to NT\$3,547 thousand, NT\$3,016 thousand, NT\$8,870 thousand, and NT\$7,914 thousand, respectively. As we did not have access to the investees' financial information and management teams, we were unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate evidence to audit the said amounts. Therefore, we were unable to judge whether necessary adjustments should be made to the said amounts.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the ROC. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the GEM Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the ROC, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters stated in the "Basis for a qualified opinion" paragraph, we determined the following matters as key audit matters:

Key audit matters for the GEM Group's consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2024 are stated as follows:

#### The veracity of the sales revenue of specific customers

The GEM Group's consolidated operating revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was NT\$2,247,342 thousand, with the consolidated revenue growth rate at approximately 4%. However, among the customers with significant sales volume in the first half of the year, the total operating revenue of the customers with larger revenue growth accounted for approximately 33% of the consolidated operating revenue, which resulted in significant influence on the consolidated financial statements. Thus, we believe that the main risk lies in the veracity of the sales revenue of the customers with significant sales volume and larger revenue growth in the first half of 2024 and included it in the key audit matters of the consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2024. Please refer to Note 4 (14) "Revenue recognition" to the 2023 Consolidated Financial Statements for the description of the revenue recognition policy.

## Our audit procedures for this include:

By understanding the relevant internal control systems and operating procedures of the sales
transaction cycle, we design the internal control auditing procedures according to the
veracity of the sales revenue and confirm and evaluate the relevant internal control
procedure during the sales transactions for whether the design and implementation are
effective.

- 2. We obtain the list of the above-mentioned customers for the six months ended June 30, 2024, and evaluate whether their relevant background, transaction amount, credit line and company size are reasonable.
- 3. We select samples from the above-mentioned customer sales details, examine the sales slips, customs declarations, bills of lading, sales invoices, payment collections, and major sales returns after the balance sheet date to confirm the veracity of the sales revenue.

## Responsibilities of Management and Governing Units for Consolidated Financial Statements

The responsibility of management is to prepare properly represented consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC and maintain the necessary internal control related to the preparation of the consolidated financial statements to ensure no significant misrepresentation are contained in the consolidated financial statements resulting from fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the GEM Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The GEM Group's governance units (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

#### **CPA's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the ROC will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for

our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the GEM Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the GEM Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the GEM Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the GEM Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the GEM Group's consolidated financial statements for period ended June 30, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe

these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Deloitte & Touche

CPA Keng-Hsi, Chang

CPA Chien-Hsin, Hsieh

Approved for recordation by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance Tai-Tsai-Cheng-Liu-Tzu No. 0920123784

Approved for recordation by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance Tai-Tsai-Cheng-Liu-Tzu No. 0920123784

August 7, 2024

## GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2024 and December 31 and June 30, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023		June 30, 2023	
Code	Assets	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 1,834,084	30	\$ 1,731,493	28	\$ 1,577,078	25
1140	Current contract assets (Notes 5 and 19)	128,757	2	116,493	2	100,702	2
1170	Accounts receivable (Notes 5, 7, 19 and 24)	888,922	14	780,906	13	772,485	12
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties (Notes 5,						
	19 and 26)	9,223	-	9,885	-	6,102	-
1200	Other receivables (Notes 5 and 7)	105,373	2	108,801	2	161,010	3
1210	Other receivables due from related parties (Notes 5 and						
	26)	179	-	45	-	80	-
1220	Current tax assets (Note 4)	-	-	2,055	-	-	-
130X	Inventories (Note 8)	172,680	3	172,243	3	176,157	3
1410	Prepayments (Note 15)	21,344		28,021	40	35,712	
11XX	Total current assets	3,160,562	51	2,949,942	48	2,829,326	<u>45</u>
	Non-current assets						
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (Note						
	10)	124,883	2	116,704	2	102,654	2
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Notes 11 and 23)	2,672,219	43	2,883,166	47	3,081,830	49
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note 12)	60,402	1	72,997	1	88,092	1
1760	Investment property (Note 13)	47,358	1	48,811	1	52,220	1
1780	Other intangible assets (Note 14)	2,972	_	3,634	_	1,109	_
1840	Deferred tax assets (Note 4)	36,130	1	42,628	1	44,802	1
1990	Other non-current assets (Notes 15 and 26)	40,900	1	29,097	_	31,939	1
15XX	Total non-current assets	2,984,864	49	3,197,037	52	3,402,646	55
1XXX	Total assets	\$ 6,145,426	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 6,146,979</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 6,231,972	<u>100</u>
G 1	** 1.900 1 00						
Code	Liabilities and equity  Current liabilities						
2130	Current contract liabilities (Note 19)	\$ 4,276	_	\$ 23,353	_	\$ 30,685	1
2170	Accounts payable	662,052	11	592,455	10	609,282	10
2200	Other payables (Notes 16 and 24)	511,937	8	594,417	10	811,590	13
2230	Current tax liabilities (Note 4)	72,899	1	7,876	-	63,443	13
2250	Current provisions (Note 17)	30,000	1	30,000	_	30,000	_
2281	Current lease liabilities (Note 12)	17,434	_	30,832	_	30,625	_
2300	Other current liabilities (Notes 16, 24 and 26)	180,930	3	162,146	3	156,695	3
21XX	Total current liabilities	1,479,528	$\frac{-3}{24}$	1,441,079	<u>23</u>	1,732,320	$\frac{-3}{28}$
21111	Total Carrent manners	1,179,520		1,111,075		1,732,320	
	Non-current liabilities						
2570	Deferred tax liabilities (Note 4)	10,415	-	14,897	-	17,504	-
2581	Non-current lease liabilities (Note 12)	4,424	-	5,481	-	20,688	1
2670	Other non-current liabilities (Notes 16, 24 and 26)	480,393	8	530,253	9	<u>570,540</u>	9
25XX	Total non-current liabilities	495,232	8	550,631	9	608,732	10
2XXX	Total liabilities	1,974,760	32	1,991,710	32	2,341,052	38
	Equity attributable to owners of the Company (Note 18) Share capital						
3110	Common stock	1,290,474	21	1,290,474	21	1,290,474	20
3200		624,536	$\frac{-21}{10}$	624,536	$\frac{-21}{10}$	624,536	$\frac{20}{10}$
3200	Capital surplus Retained earnings	<u> </u>	10	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
3310	<u> </u>	622,122	10	565 512	0	565,513	0
3320	Legal reserve Special reserve	253,910	10 4	565,513 209,037	9 4	209,037	9
3350	Unappropriated earnings	1,484,952	<u>25</u>	1,719,619	<u>28</u>	1,468,743	3 <u>24</u>
3300	Total retained earnings	2,360,984	$\frac{23}{39}$	2,494,169	<u> 28</u> <u>41</u>	2,243,293	<u> 24</u> <u> 36</u>
3400			$(\frac{-39}{2})$				
3400	Other equity	(105,328)	(	(253,910)	(4)	(267,383_)	(4)
3XXX	Total equity	4,170,666	<u>68</u>	4,155,269	<u>68</u>	3,890,920	<u>62</u>
	Total liabilities and equity	\$ 6,145,426	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 6,146,979</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 6,231,972	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Please refer to the audit report of Deloitte & Touche on August 7, 2024)

Chairman: General Manager: Head-Finance & Accounting:

Chu-Liang, Cheng Yen-Chiang, Tang Jui-Ping, Wang

## GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

April 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023 and January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

		April 1 to June 30, 2024		April 1 to June 30, 2023		January 1 to June 30, 2024		January 1 to Ju 2023	ane 30,
Code		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue (Notes 19 and 26)	\$ 1,185,916	100	\$ 1,087,763	100	\$ 2,247,342	100	\$ 2,155,021	100
5000	Operating costs (Notes 8 and 20)	(915,450)	(_77)	(864,820)	( <u>79</u> )	(_1,758,483)	( <u>78</u> )	(_1,658,544)	(_77)
5900	Gross profit from operations	270,466	_23	222,943	21	488,859		496,477	23
	Operating expenses (Notes 7, 19, 20 and 26)								
6100	Selling expenses	( 4,712)	(1)	( 5,732)	(1)	( 9,229)	(1)	( 9,919)	-
6200	Administrative expenses	(71,542)	(6)	( 67,354)	( 6)	( 143,511)	( 6)	( 130,338)	( 6)
6300	Research and development expenses	( 12,620)	(1)	(12,152)	(1)	( 24,208)	(1)	( 20,085)	(1)
6450	Expected credit (loss) gain	708	( - 0)	( <u>2,961</u> )	( 0)	( 176.012)	( 0)	( <u>1,893</u> )	(-7)
6000	Total operating expenses	(88,166)	(_8)	(88,199)	(_8)	( <u>176,913</u> )	(_8)	(162,235)	(_7)
6900	Net operating income	182,300	<u>15</u>	134,744	<u>13</u>	311,946	<u>14</u>	334,242	<u>16</u>
7100	Non-operating income and expenses Interest income (Note 20)	12,752	1	12.074	1	22 772	1	23,738	1
7010	Other income (Note 20)	2,296	1	13,074 8,176	1	23,773 3,038	1	23,738 9,199	1
7010	Other gains and losses (Note 20)	( 814)	_	45,661	4	48,936	2	31,438	2
7050	Finance costs (Note 20)	( 237)	_	( 564)	-	( 553)	-	( 1,219)	-
7060	Share of profit of subsidiaries and	,		,		,		, ,	
	associates accounted for using equity method (Note 10)	3,547	1	3,016	_	8,870	1	7,914	
7000	Total non-operating income			<u></u>			1		
	and expenses	<u>17,544</u>	2	69,363	6	84,064	4	71,070	3
7900	Profit before income tax	199,844	17	204,107	19	396,010	18	405,312	19
7950	Income tax expense (Notes 4 and 21)	(37,816)	( <u>3</u> )	(48,831_)	( <u>5</u> )	(77,529)	(_4)	(90,094)	(_4)
8200	Profit	162,028	<u>14</u>	155,276	<u>14</u>	318,481	<u>14</u>	315,218	<u>15</u>
	Other comprehensive income (loss) (Note 18)								
8310	Items that will not be reclassified								
8341	subsequently to profit or loss:  Translation differences from								
8341	functional currency to								
	presentation currency	57,008	5	85,107	8	221,599	10	33,348	1
8360	Components of other comprehensive	37,000	J	05,107	O	221,377	10	33,310	1
	income that will be reclassified to								
	profit or loss								
8361	Exchange differences on								
	translation of foreign								
	financial statements	(7,212)	$(\underline{1})$	( <u>139,989</u> )	( <u>13</u> )	(73,017)	$(_{3})$	( <u>91,694</u> )	$(\underline{}\underline{})$
8300	Other comprehensive income								
	in the current period (net	40.706	4	( 54.992)	( 5)	140 500	7	( 50 246)	( 2)
	amount after tax)	49,796	4	(54,882)	$(\underline{5})$	148,582		(58,346)	( <u>3</u> )
8500	Total comprehensive income in current								
	period	<u>\$ 211,824</u>	<u>18</u>	\$ 100,394	9	<u>\$ 467,063</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>\$ 256,872</u>	<u>12</u>
	Farnings per share (Note 22)								
	Earnings per share (Note 22) From continuing operations								
9710	Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.2 <u>6</u>		\$ 1.20		\$ 2.47		\$ 2.44	
9810	Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.25		\$ 1.19		\$ 2.45		\$ 2.42	
	<b>U</b> 1								

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Please refer to the audit report of Deloitte & Touche on August 7, 2024)

Chairman: Chu-Liang, Cheng

General Manager: Yen-Chiang, Tang

Head-Finance & Accounting: Jui-Ping, Wang

## GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023

Equity attributable to owners of the Company

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		-		=-1				
Code A1	Balance as of January 1, 2023	Common stock \$ 1,290,474	Capital surplus \$ 624,536	Legal reserve \$ 472,481	Retained earnings  Special reserve \$ 203,112	Unappropriated earnings \$ 1,962,243	Other equity Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements (\$ 209,037)	
		+ -,=> ·,···	,	, <u>-</u> ,	,	+ -,2 -,	(+ -0/,00/)	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
B1 B3 B5	Distribution of 2022 earnings (Note 18) Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends	- - - - -	- - - -	93,032	5,925 	( 93,032) ( 5,925) ( 709,761) ( 808,718)	- - - -	- ( <u>709,761</u> ) ( <u>709,761</u> )
D1	Net profit from January 1 to June 30, 2023	-	-	-	-	315,218	-	315,218
D3	Other comprehensive income from January 1 to June 30, 2023		<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>			(58,346)	(58,346)
D5	Total comprehensive income from January 1 to June 30, 2023	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	315,218	(58,346)	256,872
<b>Z</b> 1	Balance as of June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>	<u>\$ 624,536</u>	<u>\$ 565,513</u>	\$ 209,037	<u>\$ 1,468,743</u>	(\$ 267,383)	\$ 3,890,920
A1	Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$ 1,290,474	\$ 624,536	\$ 565,513	\$ 209,037	\$ 1,719,619	(\$ 253,910)	\$ 4,155,269
B1 B3 B5	Distribution of 2023 earnings (Note 18) Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends	- - - -	- - - -	56,609 - - - 56,609	44,873 	( 56,609) ( 44,873) ( 451,666) ( 553,148)	- - - -	( <u>451,666</u> ) ( <u>451,666</u> )
D1	Net profit from January 1 to June 30, 2024	-	-	-	-	318,481	-	318,481
D3	Other comprehensive income from January 1 to June 30, 2024	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	148,582	148,582
D5	Total comprehensive income from January 1 to June 30, 2024	<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>	318,481	148,582	467,063
<b>Z</b> 1	Balance as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>	<u>\$ 624,536</u>	<u>\$ 622,122</u>	<u>\$ 253,910</u>	<u>\$ 1,484,952</u>	( <u>\$ 105,328</u> )	<u>\$ 4,170,666</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Please refer to the audit report of Deloitte & Touche on August 7, 2024)

Chairman: Chu-Liang, Cheng

General Manager: Yen-Chiang, Tang

Head-Finance & Accounting: Jui-Ping, Wang

# GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code		January 1 to June 30, 2024		January 1 to June 30, 2023		
	Cash flows from operating activities					
A10000	Profit before tax	\$	396,010	\$	405,312	
A20010	Adjustments for:					
A20100	Depreciation expense		326,313		313,267	
A20200	Amortization expense		833		817	
A20300	(Gains on reversal of) expected					
	credit impairment losses	(	35)		1,893	
A20900	Finance costs		553		1,219	
A21200	Interest income	(	23,773)	(	23,738)	
A22300	Share of (profit) loss of subsidiaries					
	and associates accounted for					
	using equity method	(	8,870)	(	7,914)	
A22500	Loss on disposal of property, plant					
	and equipment		365		143	
A23700	Loss on decline in market value and					
	obsolete and slow-moving					
	inventories		876		173	
A24100	Foreign currency exchange gain	(	65,707)	(	28,294)	
A29900	Profit from lease modification		-	(	1)	
A29900	Liability provisions		325		531	
A30000	Changes in operating assets and					
	liabilities					
A31125	Contract assets	(	8,952)	(	11,347)	
A31150	Accounts receivable	(	106,137)		49,628	
A31160	Accounts receivable due from					
	related parties		1,143		3,341	
A31180	Other receivables		7,598	(	13,536)	
A31200	Inventories		7,234		20,115	
A31230	Prepayments		7,967	(	13,181)	
A32125	Contract liabilities	(	19,082)		22,969	
A32150	Accounts payable		38,047	(	66,096)	
A32160	Accounts payable due to related					
	parties		-	(	1,908)	
A32180	Other payables	(	40,734)	(	57,295)	
A32200	Liability provisions	(	325)	(	531)	
A32230	Other current liabilities		20		8	
A33000	Net cash inflows generated from					
	operating activities		513,669		595,575	
A33100	Interest received		25,134		24,995	

(Continued)

## (Continued from previous page)

		Januar	y 1 to June 30,	Janua	ry 1 to June 30,
Code			2024		2023
A33300	Interest paid	(\$	553)	(\$	1,219)
A33500	Income taxes paid	(	7,433)	(	105,066)
AAAA	Net cash generated from operating				
	activities		530,817		514,285
	Cash flows from investing activities				
B02700	Acquisition of property, plant and				
	equipment	(	79,899)	(	248,456)
B02800	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		-		761
B03700	Increase in refundable deposits	(	240)		_
B03800	Decrease in refundable deposits	`	783		15
B04300	Increase in other receivables due from				
	related parties	(	129)	(	39)
B04500	Acquisition of intangible assets	`		ì	123)
B07100	Increase in prepayments for equipment	(	21,288)	Ì	37,216)
B07600	Dividends received	`	6,500	`	4,387
BBBB	Net cash used in investing activities	(	94,273)	(	280,671)
	Cash flows from financing activities				
C03000	Increase in guarantee deposits received		_		61,445
C04020	Repayment of the principal portion of				01,113
20.020	lease liabilities	(	16,055)	(	15,434)
C04500	Cash dividends	(	449,851)	(	660,518)
CCCC	Net cash used in financing activities	(	465,906)		614,507)
cccc	There cash asea in intaneing activities	(	105,700)	(	011,507
DDDD	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents		131,953	(	15,666)
EEEE	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		102,591	(	396,559)
E00100	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of				
	period	_1	,731,493	1	,973,637
E00200	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 1</u>	,834,084	<u>\$ 1</u>	,577,078

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Please refer to the audit report of Deloitte & Touche on August 7, 2024)

Chairman: General Manager: Head-Finance & Accounting:

Chu-Liang, Cheng Yen-Chiang, Tang Jui-Ping, Wang

#### GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Otherwise stated, all amounts are in thousands of NTD)

#### 1. Company history

GEM Services, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was established in the Cayman Islands in April 1998. On June 23, 2015, with the resolution of the shareholders' meeting, the Company changed the denomination of shares to New Taiwan Dollars to be listed where the face value per share is NT\$10. As of June 30, 2024, the Company's paid-in capital was \$1,290,474 thousand, and its business activities include 1. Semiconductor packaging and testing foundry; 2. Plant leasing, etc.

The Company's functional currency is US dollars, but the Company's stock was listed TWSE on April 12, 2016. To increase the comparability and consistency of the financial statement, this consolidated financial statement is presented in New Taiwan Dollar.

## 2. <u>Dates and procedures for the financial statement approval</u>

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on August 7, 2024.

## 3. Application of new and revised standards, amendments, and interpretations

(1) Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) The application of the amendments to the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC in this period does not have a significant effect on the accounting policies of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively as the "Consolidated Company").

## (2) Applicable FSC-approved IFRS Accounting Standards in 2025

New, revised or amended standards and	Effective date issued by
interpretations	IASB
Amendments to IAS 21 - Lack of Exchangeability	January 1, 2025 (Note 1)

Note 1: The amendments apply to the annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. When the amendments apply for the first time, the comparative period shall not be restated; instead, the effect shall be

recognized in the retained earnings or exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations under equity (as appropriate) and the relevant affected assets and liabilities on the initial application date.

As of the publication date of this consolidated financial statement, the Consolidated Company has concluded that there is no material impact of amendments of above standards and interpretations on the consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance.

(3) New IFRSs Accounting Standards in issue by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, revised or amended standards and interpretations	Effective date issued by IASB (Note 1)
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards	January 1, 2026
- Volume 11	•
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to	January 1, 2026
the Classification and Measurement of Financial	
Instruments"	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 - Sale or	NA
Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its	
Associate or Joint Venture	
IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 - Initial Application of IFRS	January 1, 2023
17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information	
IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial	January 1, 2027
Statements	
IFRS 19 "Disclosure Initiative - Subsidiaries without	January 1, 2027
Public Accountability: Disclosures"	

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above new/revised/amended standards or interpretations are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on their respective effective dates.

#### IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes in this standard include:

 The statement of profit or loss should classify income and expenses in the operating, investing, financing, income taxes, and discontinued operations categories.

- An entity has to present totals and subtotals in the statement of profit or loss for operating profit or loss, profit or loss before financing and income taxes and profit or loss.
- Requirements for provision of guidance to enhance aggregation and disaggregation: The Consolidated Company should identify assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses, losses, and cash flows in each transaction or other events, and classify and aggregate them based on shared characteristics so that the main line items presented in the financial statements share at least one similar characteristic. Items should be disaggregated based on characteristics that are not shared. The Consolidated Company should label such items as "other" only if it cannot find a more informative title.
- Increasing the disclosure of management-defined performance measures (MPMs): When the Consolidated Company engages in public communications outside financial statements and communicate to management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the entity as a whole, the Consolidated Company should disclose information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements, including a description of how the MPM is measured, how the MPM is calculated, and a reconciliation between the MPM and the total or subtotal required by IFRS Accounting Standards, including the income tax effect and the effect on non-controlling interests for each item disclosed in the reconciliation.

In addition to the above impacts, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized, the Consolidated Company is continuously assessing the other impacts that the application of the standards and interpretations will have on the Consolidated Company's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impacts when the assessment is completed.

#### 4. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (1) Statement of compliance

This consolidated financial statement has been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" approved and issued by the FSC. This consolidated financial statement does not contain all the IFRSs Accounting Standards disclosures required by the annual report.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

#### (3) Consolidation basis

This consolidated financial statement includes the financial statement of the Company and the entities (subsidiaries) controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted to ensure the accounting policies are line with those of the Consolidated Company. Transactions between entities, account balances, profit and losses have been fully eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

For details of subsidiaries, shareholding ratio and business activities, please refer to Note 9 and Table 4 and Table 5 of Note 29.

#### (4) Other significant accounting policies

In addition to the following descriptions, please refer to the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the 2023 consolidated financial statement.

A. Criteria for classifying assets and liabilities into current and non-current

#### Current assets:

- (A) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (B) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date; and
- (C) Cash and cash equivalents (unless the asset is to be used for an exchange or to settle a liability, or otherwise remains restricted, at more than 12 months after the balance sheet date).

#### Current liabilities:

- (A) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (B) Liabilities expected to be settled within 12 months of the balance sheet date, and
- (C) Liabilities for which there is no substantive right at the balance sheet date to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Assets or liabilities other than those stated above are classified as non-current assets or non-current liabilities.

#### B. Income tax expenses

Income tax expense is the sum of current income tax and deferred income tax. Income tax for the interim period is assessed on an annual basis and is calculated on the interim pre-tax profit at the tax rate applicable to the expected total annual earnings.

## 5. <u>Major sources of uncertainty in significant accounting judgments, estimations, and assumptions</u>

When Consolidated Company adopts accounting policies, the management must make relevant judgments, estimates and assumptions based on experience and other relevant factors for the information that is not easily obtained from other sources. Actual results may differ from estimates.

The Consolidated Company will take the possible impact of inflation and market interest rate fluctuations into consideration when making major estimates, such as cash flow estimates, growth rates, discount rates, and profitability. The management will continue to review the estimates and the basic assumptions.

#### Main sources of uncertainty in estimates and assumptions

#### Estimated impairment of financial assets and contract assets

The estimated impairment of accounts receivable, other receivables and contract assets is based on the Consolidated Company's assumptions of probability of default and loss given default. The Consolidated Company takes experience, current market conditions and forward-looking information into account to develop assumptions and inputs for impairment assessments. Please refer to Note 7 and Note 19 for the key assumptions and inputs used. If the actual future cash flow is less than the Consolidated Company's expectations, there may be significant impairment losses.

#### 6. Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30, 2024	December 31,	June 30, 2023	
	2024	2023	2023	
Cash on hand and working fund	\$ 188	\$ 243	\$ 183	
Bank demand deposit	1,639,197	1,200,053	1,483,475	
Cash Equivalent (Investments				
with original maturity within				
3 months)				
Bank fixed deposit	194,699	531,197	93,420	
-	<u>\$ 1,834,084</u>	<u>\$ 1,731,493</u>	<u>\$ 1,577,078</u>	

As of June 30, 2024, and December 31 and June 30, 2023, the interest rate ranges for bank deposits were 0.05% to 5.33%, 0.05% to 5.45%, and 0.05% to 5.00%, respectively.

#### 7. Accounts receivable and other receivables

	June 30, 2024		Dec	December 31, 2023		une 30, 2023
Accounts receivable Measured at amortized cost Total amount Less: loss allowances	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	889,142 220) 888,922	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	781,161 255) 780,906	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	773,136 651) 772,485
Other receivables OEM collection and payment Scrap receivable Interest receivable Other	\$ <u>\$</u>	99,413 2,186 1,563 2,211 105,373	\$	104,675 2 2,924 1,200 108,801	\$ <u>\$</u>	152,733 5,440 - 2,837 161,010

#### (1) Accounts receivable

The Consolidated Company's average credit period for commodity sales is 30 to 90 days, and the collection policy does not add interest to overdue accounts receivable. When determining the recoverability of accounts receivable, the Consolidated Company considers any changes in the quality of accounts receivable from the original credit date to the balance sheet date. Experience shows that most accounts receivable are recovered well.

To mitigate credit risk, the management of the Consolidated Company performs credit limit determination, credit approval and other monitoring procedures for each counterparty to ensure appropriate actions have been taken to recover overdue accounts receivable. In addition, the Consolidated Company will review the recoverable amount of accounts receivable one by one on the balance sheet date to ensure the unrecoverable accounts receivable are recognized as impairment losses. Accordingly, the management of the Consolidated Company believes that the credit risk of the Consolidated Company has been significantly reduced.

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss allowance for accounts receivable based on lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are calculated using a provision matrix, which considers experience, current market conditions and business outlook. As the Consolidated Company's credit loss experience shows that there is no significant difference in the provision matrix of different customer groups, the provision matrix does not further differentiate customer groups, and only sets the

expected credit loss rate based on the number of days overdue for accounts receivable.

If there is evidence that the counterparty is facing serious financial difficulties and the Consolidated Company cannot reasonably expect the recoverable amount, the Consolidated Company will directly write off the relevant accounts receivable and loss allowance, but will continue to pursue account recovery, and the amount recovered due to pursuit and recovery will be recognized in profit or loss.

The Consolidated Company measures the loss allowance of accounts receivable according to the provision matrix as follows:

## June 30, 2024

	Not past due	1~60 days past due	61~90 days past due	91~120 days past due	Over 120 days past due	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.01%	0.05% ~ 14.33%	2.68% ~ 23.59%	9.44% ~ 44.38%	18.73% ~ 100%	
Total amount	\$ 852,606	\$ 36,431	\$ 25	\$ 80	\$ -	\$ 889,142
Loss allowance (lifetime expected						
credit losses)	(94)	(85)		(41)		()
Measured at amortized cost	\$ 852,512	\$ 36,346	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 39</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 888,922

## December 31, 2023

	Not past due	1~60 days past due	61~90 days past due	91~120 days past due	Over 120 days past due	Total
Expected credit loss	0.01%∼	0.05%∼	6.33%∼	16.71%∼	39.23%∼	
rate	0.1%	14.79%	26.41%	48.39%	100%	
Total amount	\$ 732,587	\$ 48,303	\$ 67	\$ 175	\$ 29	\$ 781,161
Loss allowance (lifetime expected						
credit losses)	(84)	(134)	(15)		(22)	(255)
Measured at amortized						
cost	\$ 732,503	\$ 48,169	\$ 52	\$ 175	\$ 7	\$ 780,906

#### June 30, 2023

	Not past due	1~60 days past due	61~90 days past due	91~120 days past due	Over 120 days past due	Total
Expected credit loss	0.0002%∼	0.0037%∼	0.3%∼	0.81%∼	45.10%∼	
rate	0.0116%	6.69%	13.68%	25.52%	100%	
Total amount	\$ 736,159	\$ 35,909	\$ 163	\$ 372	\$ 533	\$ 773,136
Loss allowance (lifetime expected						
credit losses)	(38)	( <u>166</u> )	( <u>16</u> )	(1)	(430_)	(651)
Measured at amortized cost	\$ 736,121	\$ 35,743	<u>\$ 147</u>	\$ 371	<u>\$ 103</u>	<u>\$ 772,485</u>

Changes in loss allowance for accounts receivable is as follows:

	January 1 to		January 1 to
	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023
Opening balance	\$	255	\$ 707
Less: Reversal of impairment			
loss for the current period	(	35)	( 55)
Effect of exchange rate changes		<u> </u>	( <u>1</u> )
Ending balance	<u>\$</u>	220	<u>\$ 651</u>

#### (2) Other receivables

The Consolidated Company accounts for other receivables such as OEM collection and payment, unrecovered amount from the sale of scraps and interest receivable. The Consolidated Company's policy is to only conduct business with customers with good credit. The Consolidated Company continues to monitor and refer to the counterparty's past default records and analyze its current financial position to assess whether the credit risk of other receivables has increased significantly since the original recognition and to measure expected credit losses. If there is evidence that the counterparty has signs of breach of contract or the termination so where the recoverable amount cannot be reasonably estimated, the Consolidated Company will directly write off the relevant other accounts receivable and loss allowance, but will continue to pursue for recovery. The amount recovered by the pursuit will be recognized in profit or loss. As of June 30, 2024, and December 31 and June 30, 2023, the Consolidated Company assessed other receivables without the need to report expected credit losses.

## 8. Inventories

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2024	2023	2023
Raw material	<u>\$ 172,680</u>	\$ 172,243	<u>\$ 176,157</u>

The nature of cost of goods sold is as follows:

	April 1 to June 30, 2024		April 1 to June 30, 2023		January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Cost of inventories sold	\$	913,139	\$	862,633	\$ 1,753,440	
Lease cost		2,113		2,032	4,167	4,093
Loss on decline in market value and obsolete and						
slow-moving inventories		198		155	876	173
-	\$	915,450	\$	864,820	\$ 1,758,483	\$ 1,658,544

## 9. <u>Subsidiary</u>

## Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

			Shar	reholding percer	ntage
			June 30,	December	June 30,
Investor Company	Subsidiary	Nature of business	2024	31, 2023	2023
The Company	GEM Electronics Company Limited	Holding company business	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
	GEM Tech Ltd.	Sales of electronic parts	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
GEM Electronics Company Limited	GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts, factory leasing	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

## 10. <u>Investments accounted for using equity method</u>

## Investments in associates

June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
\$ 124 883	\$ 116 704	\$ 102,654
	,	2024 2023

Shareholding and voting rights of the Consolidated Company in the associates at the balance sheet date are as follows:

			Shareho	lding and voti	ng rights
	Nature of	Main business	June 30,	December	June 30,
Company name	business	site	2024	31, 2023	2023
Mitsubishi Electric GEM	Production,	Hefei City,	20%	20%	20%
Power Device (Hefei) Co.,	design,	Anhui			
Ltd.	packaging and	Province,			
	testing of	China			
	power				
	management				
	electronic				
	accessories				

## Information of individually insignificant associates

	April 1 to June 30, 2024		April 1 to June 30, 2023		January 1 to June 30, 2024		January 1 to June 30, 2023	
Attributable to the Consolidated								
Company								
Net income from								
continuing operations	\$	3,547	\$	3,016	\$	8,870	\$	7,914
Other comprehensive								
income				<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
Total comprehensive								
income	\$	3,547	\$	3,016	\$	8,870	\$	7,914

Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method is recognized based on the financial statements of the associates that have not been audited by CPA during the same period.

## 11. Property, plant and equipment

## Used for its own

Cost Balance as of January 1, 2024 \$Enhancements Reclassification (Note) Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2024 \$	519,909 - 1,024 -	\$ 6,099,106 1,399 105,912	\$	10,479				ovements	-	Other	ins	pected	Total
	26,160 547,093	( 3,911 ) <u>148,621</u> \$ 6,351,127	\$	10,479 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	59,589 1,292 22 ) 2,967 63,826	\$	79,227 - - 3,984 83,211	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	90,323 - 158 ) 4,537 94,702	(	186,307 18,314 97,906 ) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 7,044,940 19,713 10,322 ( 4,091 ) 192,744 \$ 7,263,628
Depreciation expense Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes	154,872 12,282 - 7,962 175,116	\$ 3,827,863 270,489 ( 3,549 ) 109,963 \$ 4,204,766	\$	8,969 422 - 182 9,573	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	54,563 1,009 22) 2,718 58,268	\$	43,794 17,620 2,451 63,865	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	71,713 4,597 155) 3,666 79,821	\$	- - - - -	\$ 4,161,774 306,419 ( 3,726 ) 126,942 \$ 4,591,409
Net amount as of December 31,	371,977 365,037	\$ 2,146,361 \$ 2,271,243	<u>\$</u>		<u>s</u>	5,558	<u>s</u> <u>s</u>		<u>s</u>	14,881		113,002 186,307	\$ 2,672,219 \$ 2,883,166
Cost Balance as of January 1, 2023 \$ Enhancements Reclassification (Note) Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2023 \$	520,760 671 11,811 509,620	\$ 5,686,703 2,315 305,779 ( 8,285 ) ( 76,508 ) \$ 5,910,004	\$ (	10,543 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ ( ( <u>\$</u>	59,668 123 105 ) 1,332 ) 58,354	\$	71,710 - - - 1,624 ) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ ( ( <u>\$</u>	89,863 80 230 72) 2,040) 88,061	(	112,158 72,218 113,583 5,058 292,901	\$ 6,551,405 74,613 420,386 ( 8,462 ) ( 98,459 ) \$ 6,939,483
Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2023 \$ Depreciation expense Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2023 \$ Net amount as of June 30, 2023 \$	133,440 11,582 3,290 141,732	\$ 3,366,972 258,791 ( 7,381 ) ( 58,712 ) \$ 3,559,670 \$ 2,350,334	\$ (	8,188 421 81 8,528	\$ ( ( <u></u>	53,166 1,493 105) 1,220) 53,334	\$ (	7,864 16,424 558 23,730	\$ ( ( <u></u>	67,686 4,684 72) 1,639) 70,659	\$ <u>\$</u>		\$ 3,637,316 293,395 ( 7,558 ) ( 65,500 ) \$ 3,857,653

Note: It was transferred from other non-current assets - prepayments for equipment.

No impairment losses were recognized or reversed from January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Depreciation expense is accrued on a straight-line basis for the following economic life:

Building	
Factory main building	20 years
Building improvement	10 to 20 years
Machinery equipment	3 to 15 years
Transportation equipment	5 years
Office equipment	3 to 7 years
Leasehold improvements	2 to 5 years
Other	3 to 10 years

## 12. <u>Leasing agreement</u>

## (1) Right-of-use assets

		ne 30, 024		mber 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets					
Land (Note)	\$ 3	9,993	\$ 3	38,639	\$ 38,968
Building	1	9,451		33,307	47,939
Office equipment		958		1,051	1,185
	\$ 6	50,402	\$ '	72,997	\$ 88,092
	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 June 30, 2		January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Addition of right-of-use assets		-			
Lease additions	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 190</u>
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets					
Land	\$ 294	\$	283	\$ 581	\$ 571
Building	7,763	7,	632	15,314	15,372
Office equipment	\$ 8,130	\$ 7,	71 986	145 \$ 16,040	\$\frac{143}{\$16,086}

Note: For the land use right in mainland China, the Consolidated Company has obtained the Land Use Certificates for State Owned Land, and the lease period is 50 years.

Part of the land leased by the Consolidated Company in Hefei, Anhui Province, China has been sub-leased to Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Device (Hefei) Co., Ltd. under operational leasing from January 1, 2022, and the relevant right-of-use assets are presented as investment properties please refer to Note 13. The relevant amount of the above right-of-use assets does not include the right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment properties.

Except for the above-mentioned additions and recognition of depreciation expenses, there was no impairment of the right-of-use assets for the Consolidated Company from January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### (2) Lease liabilities

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Carrying amounts of lease liabilities			
Current	<u>\$ 17,434</u>	\$ 30,832	\$ 30,625
Non-current	\$ 4,424	\$ 5,481	\$ 20,688

The range of discount rates for lease liabilities is as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2024	2023	2023
Building	4.35%	4.35%	4.35%
Office equipment	4.35%	4.35%	4.35%

#### (3) Other lease information

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Expense on short-term lease	<u>\$ 1,705</u>	\$ 1,259	\$ 3,328	\$ 2,616
Total cash outflow from lease	(\$ 10,124)	(\$ 9,457)	(\$ 19,936)	(\$ 19,269)

#### 13. <u>Investment property</u>

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2024	2023	2023
Building	\$ 42,430	\$ 44,049	\$ 47,418
Right-of-use assets- Land	4,928	4,762	4,802
	<u>\$ 47,358</u>	<u>\$ 48,811</u>	<u>\$ 52,220</u>

The right-of-use asset in the investment property is the subleasing of the leased land located in Hefei City, Anhui Province, China to Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Device (Hefei) Co., Ltd. under operational leasing.

The lease term of the investment property (including buildings and right-of-use assets - land) is 5 years with an option to extend the lease term for 2 years. The lessee does not have the bargain purchase price option at the end of the lease period.

The total lease payments for operational leasing of investment property to be received in the future are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2024	2023	2023
Year 1	\$ 49,805	\$ 47,420	\$ 47,140
Year 2	49,805	47,420	47,140
Year 3	24,903	47,420	47,140
Year 4	-	-	23,570
Year 5		<u>-</u>	
	<u>\$ 124,513</u>	<u>\$ 142,260</u>	<u>\$ 164,990</u>

Except for the recognition of depreciation expenses, there was no significant addition, disposal or impairment of the investment properties of the Consolidated Company from January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023. Investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following economic life:

Building

Factory main building Right-of-use assets- Land

20 years 50 years

The Consolidated Company implements a general risk management policy to reduce the residual risk of the leased buildings and right-of-use assets upon expiry of the lease term. The fair value of the investment properties is measured by the independent appraisal company Anhui Huateng Property Assessment Office as a Level 3 input on the balance sheet date. The evaluation is based on market evidence of similar property transaction prices and the cash flow method, and the important unobservable input used include discount rate. The fair value obtained from the evaluation is as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2024	2023	2023
Fair value	\$ 268,505	\$ 258,103	\$ 266,594

#### 14. Other intangible assets

	Computer software
Cost	
Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$ 5,053
Effect of exchange rate changes	<u> 254</u>
Balance as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 5,307</u>
Accumulated amortization	
Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$ 1,419
Amortization expense	833
Effect of exchange rate changes	83
Balance as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 2,335</u>
N	Φ 2.072
Net amount as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 2,972</u>
Not amount as of December 21, 2022 and January 1, 2024	\$ 3,634
Net amount as of December 31, 2023 and January 1, 2024	<u>\$ 3,634</u>
Cost	
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$ 6,292
Additions	φ 0,2 <i>)</i> 2 123
Disposals	( 2,579)
Effect of exchange rate changes	( 84)
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$ 3,752
Bulance as of same 50, 2025	<u>Ψ 3,132</u>
Accumulated amortization	
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$ 4,465
Amortization expense	817
Disposals	(2,579)
Effect of exchange rate changes	$(\underline{}$
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$ 2,643
	<del></del>

Amortization expenses are accrued on a straight-line basis over the economic life:

## Computer software

3 to 5 years

#### 15. Other assets

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Current Prepayments Tax credit Prepayments to suppliers Other	\$ 10,245	\$ 12,831	\$ 24,285
	8,492	11,392	4,580
	2,607	3,798	<u>6,847</u>
	\$ 21,344	\$ 28,021	\$ 35,712
Non-current Prepayments for equipment Refundable deposits paid (Note 26) (Note)	\$ 31,668	\$ 19,781	\$ 23,540
		\[ \frac{9,316}{\$ 29,097} \]	\[ \frac{8,399}{\$ 31,939} \]

Note: The Consolidated Company considers the debtor's historical record, current market conditions and business outlook to measure the 12-month expected credit loss or lifetime expected credit loss of the refundable deposit paid. As of June 30, 2024, and December 31 and June 30, 2023, the Consolidated Company assessed that it was not necessary to report expected credit losses for refundable deposits paid.

## 16. Other liabilities

	J	June 30, 2024	Dec	cember 31, 2023	J	June 30, 2023
Current						
Other payables						
Payable for equipment						
(Note 24)	\$	104,835	\$	165,021	\$	352,211
Salary and bonus		105,885		127,127		102,622
Remuneration to the						
employees and directors		111,258		125,728		115,829
OEM collection and						
payment		54,991		70,421		70,748
Cash dividends (Note 24)		1,946		131		49,414
Insurance premium		41,386		38,937		38,785
Pension		18,331		16,088		21,061
Professional service fee		4,383		4,094		4,274
Utility bill		2,774		2,211		747
Business tax		2,595		1,906		1,950

Contract service payment Other	\$	1,277 62,276 511,937	\$	1,277 41,476 594,417	\$	1,277 52,672 811,590
Other current liabilities Guarantee deposit - payments received to retain capacity (Note)						
(Note 24) Advance receipts (Note 26) Temporary receipts	\$ <u>\$</u>	176,741 4,090 99 180,930	\$ <u>\$</u>	158,181 3,895 70 162,146	\$ <u>\$</u>	152,751 3,871 73 156,695
Non-current Guarantee deposits and margins received Payments received to retain capacity (Note)	¢	450 711	¢	510 561	¢	550.065
(Note 24)	\$	459,711	\$	510,561	\$	550,965
Other (Note 26)	Φ.	20,682	φ.	19,692	Φ.	19,575
	<u>\$</u>	480,393	\$	530,253	<u>\$</u>	570,540

Note: To expand the production capacity in response to the increase in customer demand, the Consolidated Company has signed a production capacity agreement with its customers and collected a production capacity deposit which the customers can offset the payment for shipments in phases during the production capacity guarantee period according to the conditions stipulated in the agreement.

## 17. <u>Liability provisions</u>

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Current	¢ 20,000	\$ 20,000	¢ 20,000
Warranty	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>
	Janua	ry 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30	0, 2024	June 30, 2023
Opening balance	\$ 30	0,000	\$ 30,000
Warranty expense for this period		325	531
Used during this period	(	<u>325</u> )	(531)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 30</u>	<u>0,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>

The warranty provision for liabilities is the present value of the best estimate of the future economic outflows due to the warranty obligations by the management of the Consolidated Company according to the contract for the sale of goods. This estimate is based on historical warranty and adjusted by taking into account new raw materials, changes in the process or other factors that affect product quality.

#### 18. Equity

## (1) Share capital

#### Common stock

		June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
	Number of shares authorized			
	(in thousands)	250,000	250,000	250,000
	Authorized capital amount (NTD in thousand)	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000
	Issued and paid shares (in thousands) Issued capital (NTD in	129,047	129,047	129,047
	thousand)	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>
(2)	Capital surplus			
		June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
	May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends or transferred to capital (Note)			
	Share premium	\$ 530,686	\$ 530,686	\$ 530,686
	Treasury shares	93,850 \$ 624,536	93,850 \$ 624,536	93,850 \$ 624,536

Note: Such capital surplus can be used to offset a deficit, and can be used to distribute cash or transfer to capital when the Company has no deficit. However, the appropriation to the share capital is limited to a certain ratio of the paid-in share capital each year.

#### (3) Retained earning and dividend policy

According to the earnings distribution policy of the Company's Articles of Association, if there is a surplus in the annual final statement, the Board of Directors shall formulate an earning distribution proposal in the following manner and sequence. In the case of share distribution, a resolution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting; in the case of cash distribution, the Board of Directors may be authorized to make a special resolution and report to the shareholders' meeting:

- A. the Company shall set aside all taxes that legally required to be paid;
- B. offset its losses in previous years that have not been previously offset;

- C. set aside 10% as Legal Reserve in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, unless the accumulated amount of such Legal Reserve has reached the total paid-up capital of the Company;
- D. set aside a special capital reserve, if one is required, in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules or as requested by the authorities in charge.

The Company is in the growth stage. Based on the needs of capital expenditure, business expansion and sound financial planning for sustainable development, the Company's dividend policy will be appropriated in cash dividends or stock dividends according to the Company's future capital expenditure budget and capital needs. The proportion of cash dividends distributed to shareholders of the Company shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends to shareholders.

Please refer to Note 20 (8) Employee Remuneration and Director Remuneration for the employees and directors remuneration policy stipulated in the Articles of Association of the Company.

According to Article 237 of the Company Act of the Republic of China, when allocating surplus profits after having paid all taxes and dues, shall first set aside 10% of said profits as legal reserve. Where such legal reserve amounts equal to the total paid-in capital, this provision shall not apply. The legal reserve can be used to make up for losses. When the Company has no losses, the portion of the legal reserve exceeding 25% of the total paid-in capital can be allocated in cash in addition to being accounted as share capital.

The Company set aside the special reserve in accordance with the Official Letter Chin-Kuan-Cheng-Fa-Tzu No. 1090150022 and "Questions and Answers for Special Reserves Appropriated Following Adoption of the IFRSs (IFRS Accounting Standards)".

The Company's 2023 and 2022 earnings distribution proposals are as follows:

	2023	2022
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 56,609</u>	\$ 93,032
Special reserve	<u>\$ 44,873</u>	<u>\$ 5,925</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 451,666</u>	<u>\$ 709,761</u>
Cash dividend per share (NTD)	\$ 3.5	\$ 5.5

The above cash dividends have been distributed by the resolution of the Board of Directors on March 12, 2024 and March 22, 2023, respectively, and the remaining

earning distribution items were also resolved at the shareholders' general meeting on May 27, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively.

## (4) Special reserve

	January 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Opening balance	\$ 209,037	\$ 203,112
Reduction of other equity items	44,873	<u>5,925</u>
Ending balance	\$ 253,910	\$ 209,037

## (5) Other equity

Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements:

	January 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Opening balance	(\$ 253,910)	(\$ 209,037)
Recognized in the current period		
Translation differences in		
presentation currency	221,599	33,348
Exchange differences on		
translation	( <u>73,017</u> )	( <u>91,694</u> )
Other comprehensive income in		
the current period	148,582	(58,346)
Ending balance	( <u>\$ 105,328</u> )	( <u>\$ 267,383</u> )

## 19. Revenue

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Revenue from customer contracts	vane 30, 2021			
Packaging and testing Other revenue	\$ 1,148,196	\$ 1,053,992	\$ 2,175,273	\$ 2,081,836
Other (Note 26)	37,720 \$ 1,185,916	33,771 \$ 1,087,763	72,069 \$ 2,247,342	73,185 \$ 2,155,021

## (1) Contract balance

	June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023		June 30, 2023		January 1, 2023	
Accounts receivable (Note 7) Accounts receivable due	\$	888,922	\$	780,906	\$	772,485	\$	823,024
from related parties (Note 26)	\$	9,223 898,145	\$	9,885 790,791	\$	6,102 778,587	\$	9,583 832,607
Contract assets Packaging and testing Less: loss	\$	135,701	\$	123,426	\$	112,153	\$	100,175
allowances	(	6,944)	(	6,933)	(	11,451)	(	9,543)

assets	<u>\$ 128,75</u>	<u>\$ 116,493</u>	<u>\$ 100,702</u>	\$ 90,632
Contract liabilities Packaging and testing	<u>\$ 4,2°</u>	76 \$ 23,35°	<u>3</u> <u>\$ 30,685</u>	<u>\$ 7,718</u>

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss allowance for contract assets based on lifetime expected credit losses. The average process duration of the packaging and testing service contracts signed by the Consolidated Company is 20 to 30 days. When determining the possibility of obtaining an unconditional right of payment for contract assets in the future, the policy adopted by the Consolidated Company refers to the historical experience of the counterparty's relevant contract assets, current market conditions and business outlook, considers the contracts that are still under obligations on the balance sheet date, examines each contract for stagnation, and recognizes the loss allowance for contract assets according to the expected credit losses during the duration. If there is evidence that the obligation of the contract have been stagnant for more than 30 days, the Consolidated Company will recognize the loss allowance at full amount, but will continue to pursuit the stagnation of the contract, and carry out the obligation when the stagnation has been eliminated. If there is evidence that the counterparty has signs of breach of contract or is facing serious financial difficulties where the recoverable amount cannot be reasonably estimated, the Consolidated Company will directly write off the relevant contract assets and loss allowance, but will continue to pursue for recovery. The amount recovered by the pursuit will be recognized in profit or loss.

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2024	2023	2023
Expected credit loss rate	5.1%	5.6%	10%
Total amount	\$ 135,701	\$ 123,426	\$ 112,153
Loss allowance (lifetime			
expected credit losses)	(6,944)	(6,933)	( <u>11,451</u> )
	<u>\$ 128,757</u>	<u>\$ 116,493</u>	<u>\$ 100,702</u>

Information on changes in the loss allowance on contract assets:

	January 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Opening balance	\$ 6,933	\$ 9,543
Add: Impairment losses for the		
current period	-	1,948
Effect of exchange rate changes	<u> </u>	(40)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 6,944</u>	<u>\$ 11,451</u>

## (2) Detail of revenue from customer contracts

	January 1 to	January 1 to
Type of service	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Packaging and testing	\$ 2,175,273	\$ 2,081,836
Electroplating services	44,493	46,179
Lease and other services	<u>27,576</u>	27,006
	\$ 2,247,342	\$ 2,155,021

## 20. Profit from continuing operations

## (1) Interest income

	April 1 to	April 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to	
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	
Bank deposit	<u>\$ 12,752</u>	\$ 13,074	\$ 23,773	\$ 23,738	

## (2) Other income

	April 1 to	April 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to	
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	
Government subsidy	\$ 1,915	\$ 7,396	\$ 1,972	\$ 7,505	
Other	381	780	1,066	1,694	
	\$ 2,296	<u>\$ 8,176</u>	\$ 3,038	\$ 9,199	

## (3) Other gains and losses

	April 1 to June 30, 2024		April 1 to June 30, 2023		January 1 to June 30, 2024		January 1 to June 30, 2023	
Gain or (loss) on foreign exchange	(\$	1,292)	\$	47,729	\$	48,622	\$	33,470
Loss on disposal of property, plant and								
equipment Profit from lease	(	219)	(	226)	(	365)	(	143)
modification		-		1		-		1
Other	(\$	697 814)	(	1,843) 45,661	\$	679 48,936	(	1,890 ) 31,438

## (4) Finance costs

	April 1 to		April 1 to		January 1 to		January 1 to	
	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023	
Interest expense on lease								
liability	\$	237	\$	564	\$	553	\$	1,219

## (5) Depreciation and amortization

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Depreciation expenses summarized by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 155,080 <u>8,913</u> <u>\$ 163,993</u>	\$ 148,115	\$ 308,756 17,557 \$ 326,313	\$ 293,571
Amortization expenses summarized by function Administrative expenses	<u>\$ 422</u>	<u>\$ 305</u>	<u>\$ 833</u>	<u>\$ 817</u>

## (6) Direct operating expenses of investment property

	oril 1 to 30, 2024	 oril 1 to 30, 2023	uary 1 to 30, 2024	ary 1 to 30, 2023
Related to lease revenue Depreciation expense Other	\$ 1,954 159	\$ 1,880 152	\$ 3,854 313	\$ 3,786 307
	\$ 2,113	\$ 2,032	\$ 4,167	\$ 4,093

## (7) Employee benefits expenses

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Post-employment			_	
benefits				
Determined				
appropriation plan	\$ 33,980	\$ 32,301	\$ 66,545	\$ 62,908
Other employee benefits	311,589	293,751	597,648	589,593
Total employee benefits				
expenses	<u>\$ 345,569</u>	\$ 326,052	\$ 664,193	<u>\$ 652,501</u>
Summarized by function				
Operating costs	\$ 290,587	\$ 276,463	\$ 560,144	\$ 551,603
Operating expenses	54,982	49,589	104,049	100,898
	<u>\$ 345,569</u>	<u>\$ 326,052</u>	<u>\$ 664,193</u>	<u>\$ 652,501</u>

## (8) Remuneration to the employees and directors

According to the Articles of Association, the Company appropriates the remuneration of employees and directors according to the pre-tax profit before deducting the remuneration of employees and directors of the current year at a rate of 5% to 10% and less than or equal to 3% respectively. Estimated employee remuneration and director remuneration for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

#### Estimated ratio

		January 1 to June 30, 202		January 1 to June 30, 2023
Remuneration to emp	oloyees	9.7%		9.9%
Remuneration to dire	ectors	3%		2.9%
Amount				
	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Remuneration to employees Remuneration to	\$ 21,500	\$ 23,050	\$ 44,000	\$ 46,100
directors	<u>\$ 7,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,700</u>	<u>\$ 13,500</u>	<u>\$ 13,400</u>

If there is still a change in the amount after the annual consolidated financial statement is approved, it will be treated as a change in accounting estimates and adjusted and recorded in the following year.

Employee remuneration and director remuneration in 2023 and 2022 were approved by the Board of Directors on March 12, 2024 and March 22, 2023 as follows:

#### **Amount**

	2023	2022
	Cash	Cash
Remuneration to employees	\$ 80,000	\$ 92,200
Remuneration to directors	<u>\$ 24,000</u>	<u>\$ 34,000</u>

There is no difference between the actual distributed amounts of employee remuneration and director remuneration in 2023 and 2022 and the recognized amounts in the consolidated financial statement for 2023 and 2022.

For information on employee remuneration and director remuneration as approved by the Board of Directors, please visit the "MOPS" of the TWSE.

## (9) Foreign currency exchange gain and loss

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Total foreign currency exchange gain	\$ 43,033	\$ 96,367	\$ 98,264	\$ 181,834
Total foreign currency exchange loss Net (loss) gain	( <u>44,325</u> ) (\$ 1,292)	( <u>48,638</u> ) \$ 47,729	( <u>49,642</u> ) \$ 48,622	( <u>148,364</u> ) \$ 33,470

## 21. <u>Income tax for continuing operation</u>

(1) Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Detail of income tax expenses:

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Current income tax				
Current period	\$ 42,735	\$ 50,468	\$ 78,035	\$ 84,933
Prior years'				
adjustment	(3,524 )	(3,336 )	$(\underline{3,524})$	(3,336 )
	39,211	47,132	74,511	81,597
Deferred income tax				
Current period	(1,395)	1,699	3,018	8,497
Income tax expense				
recognized in profit or				
loss	<u>\$ 37,816</u>	<u>\$ 48,831</u>	<u>\$ 77,529</u>	<u>\$ 90,094</u>

## (2) Income tax assessment

The Taiwan branch of the Company's subsidiary GEM Tech Ltd.'s profit-seeking enterprise income tax has been approved by the tax authority until 2022.

The Consolidated Company had no pending tax litigation as of June 30, 2024.

## 22. <u>Earnings per share</u>

			U	nit: NTD per share
	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Earnings per share - basic From continuing operations Earnings per share - diluted	<u>\$ 1.26</u>	<u>\$ 1.20</u>	<u>\$ 2.47</u>	<u>\$ 2.44</u>
From continuing operations	<u>\$ 1.25</u>	<u>\$ 1.19</u>	<u>\$ 2.45</u>	<u>\$ 2.42</u>

Earnings and the weighted average number of common shares used to calculate earnings per share:

## **Profit**

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company	\$ 162,028	\$ 155,276	\$ 318,481	\$ 315,218
Net profit used to calculate basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 162,028</u>	<u>\$ 155,276</u>	<u>\$ 318,481</u>	<u>\$ 315,218</u>
Quantity				
			Un	it: thousand shares

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Weighted average number of common shares used to calculate basic earnings per	120.045	120.045	120 0 47	120.045
share Effect of potential dilutive common shares:	129,047	129,047	129,047	129,047
Remuneration to employees	655	640	1,127	1,176

Weighted average number of common shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share

<u>129,702</u> <u>129,687</u> <u>130,174</u> <u>130,223</u>

If the Consolidated Company can choose to pay employee remuneration in shares or cash, when calculating diluted earnings per share, assumed that employee remuneration will be issued in shares, the weighted average number of outstanding shares shall be included in the potentially dilutive common shares to calculate the diluted EPS. When calculating the diluted EPS before deciding on the number of shares for employee remuneration in the following year, the potentially dilutive common shares will also be considered.

#### 23. Government subsidy

GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Consolidated Company, met the subsidy conditions of the local government and received a subsidy of \$84,796 thousand after filing an application for the buildings built and the machinery and equipment purchased by the subsidiary.

This amount has been deducted from the relevant asset's carrying amount and carried forward to profit or loss over the asset's economic life by reducing the depreciation expense. The depreciation expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were reduced by \$2,056 thousand, \$631 thousand, \$5,113 thousand, and \$1,128 thousand, respectively.

#### 24. Cash flow

#### (1) Non-cash transaction

Unless disclosed in other notes, the Consolidated Company conducted the following non-cash investment and financing activities from January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023:

- A. As of June 30, 2024, and December 31 and June 30, 2023, the purchase price of unpaid properties, plant and equipment acquired by the Consolidated Company were \$104,835 thousand, \$165,021 thousand and \$352,211 thousand respectively, and were accounted as other payables.
- B. As of June 30, 2024, and December 31 and June 30, 2023, there were \$1,946 thousand, \$131 thousand and \$49,414 thousand of declared cash dividends that had not been distributed and were accounted under other payables.
- C. The Consolidated Company signed a production capacity guarantee agreement with the customer and offset the security deposit by offsetting the payment

according to the conditions stipulated in the contract. In the six month ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, \$34,702 thousand and \$20,103 thousand offset the security deposit by offsetting accounts receivable.

#### (2) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

#### January 1 to June 30, 2024

	January 1, 2024	Cash flows	Finance costs	Offsetting accounts receivable	Effect of exchange rate change	Other	June 30, 2024
Guarantee deposits and margins received	\$ 688,434	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 34,702)	\$ 3,402	\$ -	\$ 657,134
Lease liabilities	36,313 \$ 724,747	( <u>16,055</u> ) (\$ 16,055)	<u>553</u> \$ 553	(\$ 34.702)	1,600 \$ 5,002	( <u>553</u> ) (\$ 553)	21,858 \$ 678,992

#### January 1 to June 30, 2023

						Offsetting	Effect of		
	January 1,		Lease	Lease		accounts	exchange rate		
	2023	Cash flows	additions	modification	Finance costs	receivable	change	Other	June 30, 2023
Guarantee deposits and		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
margins received	\$683,583	\$ 61,445	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 20,103)	(\$ 1,634)	\$ -	\$723,291
Lease liabilities	67,882	$(\underline{15,434})$	190	(142)	1,219		$(\underline{1,183})$	(1,219)	51,313
	\$751,465	\$ 46,011	\$ 190	(\$ 142)	\$ 1,219	(\$.20,103)	(\$ 2.817)	(\$ 1.219)	\$774,604

NT 1 1

#### 25. Financial instrument

(1) Fair value information - financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management of the Consolidated Company considers that the carrying amounts
of financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value approximate
their fair values.

#### (2) Types of financial instruments

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Financial asset Financial assets measured at amortized cost (Note 1)	\$ 2,847,013	\$ 2,640,446	\$ 2,525,154
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost (Note 2)	913,270	896,647	1,110,786

Note 1: The balance includes cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties) and refundable deposits and other financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Note 2: The balance includes financial liabilities such as accounts payable, other payables (excluding salaries and bonuses payable, employee remuneration

and director remuneration payable, cash dividends payable, insurance premiums payable, pensions payable and business tax payable) and guarantee deposit measured at amortized cost.

#### (3) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The major financial instruments of the Consolidated Company include cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and lease liabilities. Among the financial instruments held by the Consolidated Company, financial risks related to operations include market risk (including exchange rate risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### A. Market risk

The main financial risks borne by the Consolidated Company's operating activities are the foreign currency exchange rate risk (see (A) below) and the interest rate risk (see (B) below).

#### (A) Foreign currency risk

The Consolidated Company is engaged in foreign currency-denominated sales and purchase transactions, thus causing the Consolidated Company to be exposed to foreign currency risk. The Consolidated Company regularly evaluates the net risk position of the sales amount and cost amount denominated in non-functional currency, and adjusts the cash holding position of the non-functional currency accordingly to achieve hedging.

For the book values of monetary assets and liabilities of the Consolidated Company denominated in non-functional currencies on the balance sheet date (including those monetary items denominated in non-functional currencies that have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements), please refer to Note 28.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Consolidated Company is mainly affected by fluctuations in the exchange rates of US dollars and New Taiwan Dollars.

The table below details the sensitivity analysis of the Consolidated Company when the exchange rate of each functional currency of each entity against each relevant foreign currency increases/decreases by 1%. 1% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting exchange rate risk within the Consolidated Company to key management, and also represents

management's assessment of the reasonably possible range of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Sensitivity analysis only includes foreign currency monetary items in circulation which is translated at the end of the period with a 1% exchange rate adjustment.

When foreign currency monetary items are net assets, a positive number in the table below means that when the functional currency of each consolidated entity depreciates by 1% relative to each related currency (mainly US dollar and New Taiwan Dollar), the pre-tax net profit or equity will increase by a number of the same amount; when the functional currency of each consolidated entity appreciates by 1% relative to each relevant currency, its impact on pre-tax net profit or equity will be a negative number of the same amount.

	The impact of	of US Dollar	The impact of New Taiwan Dolla			
	January 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to		
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023		
Gain or (loss)	\$16,378 (i)	\$ 8,936 (i)	(\$ 685)(ii)	(\$ 1,200)(ii)		

- Mainly from the Consolidated Company's USD-denominated cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables that were in circulation on the balance sheet date without cash flow hedging.
  - The Consolidated Company's sensitivity to the USD exchange rate increased in the current period, which was mainly due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents denominated in USD.
- ii. Mainly from the Consolidated Company's NTD-denominated payables that were still in circulation on the balance sheet date without cash flow hedging.

The Consolidated Company's sensitivity to the NTD exchange rate decreased in the current period, which was due to the decreased in payables denominated in NTD.

#### (B) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk exposure is incurred due to the bank deposits and lease liabilities within the Consolidated Company include fixed and floating interest rates.

The book values of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Consolidated Company subject to interest rate risk exposure on the balance sheet date are as follows:

	J	June 30, 2024		cember 31, 2023	J	June 30, 2023	
Fair value interest rate						_	
risk							
- Financial assets	\$	194,699	\$	531,197	\$	93,420	
- Financial							
liabilities		21,858		36,313		51,313	
Cash flow interest rate							
risk							
- Financial assets		1,639,197		1,200,053		1,483,475	
- Financial							
liabilities		_		-		-	

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below is based on the interest rate exposure of non-derivative instruments at the balance sheet date. The analysis for floating rate liabilities assumes that the amounts of the liabilities outstanding at the balance sheet date were all outstanding during the reporting period. The rate of change used in reporting interest rates within the Consolidated Company to key management is a 1% increase or decrease in interest rates, which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible range of changes in interest rates.

If interest rates increased/decreased by 1% when all other variables are held constant, the Consolidated Company's net profit before tax from January 1 to June 30, 2024 and 2023 will increase/decrease by \$8,196 thousand and \$7,417 thousand, respectively, mainly due to the interest rate risk with fluctuations arising from the bank deposits floating interest rate.

The Consolidated Company's sensitivity to interest rates increased in the current period, which is due to the increase in bank deposits with floating interest rates.

#### B. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty defaults on its contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Consolidated Company. As of the balance sheet date, the maximum credit risk exposure of the Consolidated

Company that may result in financial losses due to the counterparty's failure to perform its obligations is from the carrying amount of financial assets recognized in the consolidated balance sheet.

The policy adopted by the Consolidated Company is to transact with reputable counterparties and to obtain adequate guarantees to mitigate the risk of financial loss due to default when necessary. The Consolidated Company rates major customers by creating complete customer profiles, using publicly available financial and non-financial information, and referring to past transaction records with the Consolidated Company. The Consolidated Company continuously monitors the credit exposure and the credit rating of the counterparty and controls the credit exposure through the counterparty's credit limit which is reviewed and approved annually by the responsible supervisor.

The Consolidated Company continuously evaluates the financial status of customers with accounts receivable and contract assets and reviews the recoverable amounts of accounts receivable and contract assets to ensure that unrecoverable accounts receivable and contract assets have been properly set aside for impairment losses. When necessary, receipts in advance will be adopted as a transaction term to reduce credit risk. Thus, the credit risk on accounts receivable and contract assets is expected to be limited.

The credit risk of the Consolidated Company is concentrated in the top five customers. As of June 30, 2024, and December 31 and June 30, 2023, the ratio for the total amount of accounts receivable and total contract assets came from the top five customers were 50%, 56% and 53%, respectively.

#### C. Liquidity risk

The Consolidated Company manages and maintains a sufficient position of cash and cash equivalents to support the Group's operations and mitigate the impact of fluctuations in cash flow.

#### Liquidity and Interest Rate Risk for Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities

The analysis of the remaining contractual maturity of non-derivative financial liabilities is based on the earliest date on which the Consolidated Company may be required to repay, and is prepared based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities (including principal and estimated interest). The maturity analysis of other non-derivative financial liabilities is prepared according to the agreed repayment date.

#### June 30, 2024

	Payment at				
	sight or less		3 to 12		More than 5
	than 1 month	1 to 3 months	months	1 to 5 years	vears
Non-interest bearing					
liabilities	\$ 192,380	\$ 201,906	\$ 500,248	\$ 20,682	\$ -
Lease liabilities	8,307	55	9,366	4,554	Ψ _
Lease natimities	\$ 200,687	\$ 201,961	\$ 509,614	\$ 25,236	<del>-</del>
	<u>\$ 200,087</u>	<u>\$ 201,901</u>	<u>\$ 309,014</u>	<u>\$ 23,230</u>	<u>v -</u>
D 1 21 2022					
<u>December 31, 2023</u>					
	D				
	Payment at		2 . 12		M. 4. 5
	sight or less	1.0.1	3 to 12	4 . 5	More than 5
	than 1 month	1 to 3 months	months	1 to 5 years	years
Non-interest bearing					
liabilities	\$ 168,417	\$ 225,183	\$ 483,486	\$ 19,692	\$ -
Lease liabilities	7,910	109	23,529	5,704	
	<u>\$ 176,327</u>	<u>\$ 225,292</u>	<u>\$ 507,015</u>	<u>\$ 25,396</u>	<u>\$</u>
June 30, 2023					
<u>suite 50, 2025</u>					
	Payment at				
	sight or less		3 to 12		More than 5
	than 1 month	1 to 3 months	months	1 to 5 years	years
Non-interest bearing					
liabilities	\$ 245,872	\$ 410,913	\$ 483,840	\$ 19,575	\$ -

21,089 40,664

#### 26. Related party transaction

Lease liabilities

The ultimate parent entity and ultimate controller of the Company is Elite Advanced Laser Corporation which held 51% of the Company's shares on June 30, 2024, and December 31 and June 30, 2023.

Transactions, account balances, income and expenses between the Company and its subsidiaries (which are related parties of the Company) are all eliminated upon consolidation, thus not disclosed in this note. Unless disclosed in other notes, the transactions between the Consolidated Company and other related parties are as follows.

#### (1) Name and relationship of related party

	Relationship with the
Related party	consolidated company
Elite Advanced Laser Corporation	Ultimate parent entity
Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Device (Hefei)	Associate
Co., Ltd.	

#### (2) Revenue

	Related party	April 1 to	April 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to
Account	categories	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Electroplating	Associate				
services		<u>\$ 23,740</u>	\$ 20,315	<u>\$ 44,493</u>	<u>\$ 46,179</u>
Lease revenue	Associate	<u>\$ 12,268</u>	<u>\$ 11,805</u>	<u>\$ 24,200</u>	<u>\$ 23,778</u>
Other	Associate	<u>\$ 1,712</u>	<u>\$ 1,651</u>	<u>\$ 3,376</u>	\$ 3,228

There is no other comparable transaction of the same sales price and conditions of the related parties. The revenue from electroplating services is determined by the cost-plus pricing, and the payment terms are monthly T/T 45 days. The lease revenue is based on the contract signed according to the general market conditions, and the rent is collected on a monthly basis; the other service revenue is collected on a monthly basis according to the contract content.

#### (3) Receivables from related parties

Account	Related party categories	ine 30, 2024		ember 31, 2023	ne 30, 2023
Accounts receivable due from	Associate		-		 
related parties		\$ 9,223	\$	9,885	\$ 6,102
Other receivables - related	Associate				
parties		\$ 179	\$	45	\$ 80

The outstanding receivables from related parties are not overdue, and no guarantee has been received. No allowance for losses was provided for receivables from related parties

#### (4) Lease agreement

	Apri	l 1 to	Apr	11 to	Janu	ary 1 to	Janua	ry 1 to
Related party categories	June 30	0, 2024	June 3	0, 2023	June 3	30, 2024	June 3	0, 2023
Lease expense		_			·			
Ultimate parent entity	\$	51	\$	45	\$	102	\$	85

The Consolidated Company leased buildings and parking spaces from the Ultimate Parent Entity over a lease term of one year. The rent is signed according to the general market conditions and rents are paid monthly.

The lease fee is a short-term lease, and the total lease payments to be paid in the future are as follows:

	June 30, 2024		mber 31, 023	June 30, 2023	
Total lease payments to be paid in the future	\$	97	\$ 115	\$	97

#### (5) Lease agreement

#### Operation lease/ sublease

The Consolidated Company leases the buildings and subleases the land use rights related to the buildings to its associate, Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Semiconductor (Hefei) Co., Ltd., for a lease term of five years, with an option to extend the lease term for two years. The rent is signed according to the general market conditions and rents are paid monthly. At the end of the lease period, the lessee will not have the bargain purchase price option to purchase the real estate. As of June 30, 2024, and December 31 and June 30, 2023, the total lease payments to be received in the future are as follows:

	J	une 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		une 30, 2023
Year 1	\$	49,805	\$	47,420	\$ 47,140
Year 2		49,805		47,420	47,140
Year 3		24,903		47,420	47,140
Year 4		-		-	23,570
Year 5		<u>-</u>		_	 
	\$	124,513	\$	142,260	\$ 164,990

The lease revenue recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$12,268 thousand, \$11,805 thousand, \$24,200 thousand, and \$23,778 thousand, respectively.

#### (6) Other related party transactions

Account	Related party categories	June 30, December 31, 2024 2023		June 30, 2023	
Guarantee deposits and margins received	Associate	\$ 1,764	<u>\$ 1,679</u>	<u>\$ 1,669</u>	
Refundable deposits paid	Ultimate parent entity	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 20	
Advance receipts	Associate	\$ <u>20</u> \$ <u>4,090</u>	\$ 3,895	\$ 20 \$ 3,871	

### (7) Remuneration for key managerial officers

	April 1 to June 30, 2024	April 1 to June 30, 2023	January 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2023
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment	\$ 22,261	\$ 19,229	\$ 44,035	\$ 40,946
benefits	<u>54</u> <u>\$ 22,315</u>	<u>54</u> <u>\$ 19,283</u>	108 \$ 44,143	108 \$ 41,054

The remuneration of directors and other key managerial officers is determined by the Remuneration Committee in accordance with individual performance and market trends.

#### 27. <u>Material contingent liabilities and unrecognized contractual commitments</u>

The unrecognized contractual commitments of the Consolidated Company are as follows:

Unit: Foreign currency (thousand)

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Acquisition of property, plant		<del>-</del> ,	
and equipment			
USD	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 111</u>	<u>\$ 73</u>
RMB	\$ 3,083	\$ 2,752	\$ 4,792

### 28. Information on significant foreign currency assets and liabilities

The following information is expressed in foreign currencies other than the functional currencies of the Consolidated Companies. The exchange rates disclosed refer to the rates at which these foreign currencies are converted to functional currencies. Significant foreign currency assets and liabilities are as follows:

### June 30, 2024

	For	eign currency		
	(	thousand)	Exchange rate	Carrying amount
Assets in foreign currency				
Monetary items				
USD	\$	49,880	7.1268 (USD: RMB)	\$ 1,618,615
USD		33,903	32.4500 (USD: NTD)	1,100,144
Liabilities in foreign currency				
Monetary items				
USD	\$	10,173	7.1268 (USD: RMB)	\$ 330,107
USD		23,139	32.4500 (USD: NTD)	750,850
NTD		32,872	0.0308 (NTD: USD)	32,872
NTD		35,609	0.2196 (NTD: RMB)	35,609
<u>December 31, 2023</u>				
	Fore	eign currency		
		thousand)	Exchange rate	Carrying amount
Assets in foreign currency		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Monetary items				
USD	\$	40,795	7.0827 (USD: RMB)	\$ 1,252,608
USD		38,240	30.7050 (USD: NTD)	1,174,152

Liabilities in foreign currency		eign currency thousand)	Exchange rate	Carrying amount
Monetary items		44 50 5		470 704
USD		11,685	7.0827 (USD: RMB)	358,782
USD		24,161	30.7050 (USD: NTD)	741,851
NTD		39,993	0.0326 (NTD: USD)	39,993
NTD		71,728	0.2307 (NTD: RMB)	71,728
June 30, 2023				
	Fore	eign currency		
		thousand)	Exchange rate	Carrying amount
Assets in foreign currency		,		
Monetary items				
USD	\$	34,719	7.2258 (USD: RMB)	\$ 1,081,148
USD	т	32,254	31.1400 (USD: NTD)	1,004,379
Liabilities in foreign currency				
Monetary items				
USD		11,512	7.2258 (USD: RMB)	358,484
USD		26,763	31.1400 (USD: NTD)	833,400
NTD		78,834	0.0321 (NTD: USD)	78,834
NTD		41,179	0.2320 (NTD: RMB)	41,179

The Consolidated Company's gain or (loss) on foreign exchange (including realized and unrealized) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were (\$1,292) thousand, \$47,729 thousand, \$48,622 thousand and \$33,470 thousand, respectively. Due to the wide variety of foreign currency transactions and functional currencies of the Group, it is not possible to disclose exchange gains and losses and significant impact for each currency.

#### 29. Notes to disclosures

- (1) Information on significant transactions:
  - A. Lending funds to others. (None)
  - B. Providing endorsements or guarantees for others. (None)
  - C. Holding of securities at the end of the period (excluding the portion held due to investment in a subsidiary or an associate, and the portion held due to an interest in a joint venture). (None)
  - D. Aggregate purchases or sales of the same securities reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more. (None)

- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more. (None)
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more. (None)
- G. The purchase and sale of goods with related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more. (Table 1)
- H. Accounts receivable from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more. (Table 2)
- I. Trading in derivative instruments. (None)
- J. Others: The relationship and circumstances and amounts of important transactions between the parent and subsidiary companies and between each subsidiary. (Table 3)
- (2) Information on investees. (Table 4)
- (3) Information of investment in Mainland China:
  - A. Name of the investee company in Mainland China, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, shareholding ratio, profit or loss for the period, and recognized investment gain or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriated investment gains, and limit on the amount of investment in Mainland China. (Table 5)
  - B. Any of the following significant transactions with investees in Mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third area, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses:
    - (A) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period. (Table 1 and Table 3)
    - (B) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period. (None)
    - (C) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses. (None)
    - (D) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes. (None)
    - (E) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds. (None)

- (F) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the period or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receiving of services. (Note 26)
- (4) Information of major shareholders: the names of shareholders with a shareholding ratio of more than 5% with the amount and proportion of shares held. (Table 6)

#### 30. Department information

Information provided to the operation decision maker to allocate resources and measure departmental performance, focusing on each type of product or service delivered or provided.

The operation decision maker regards semiconductor foundry and sales units in each region as individual operating departments, but when preparing financial statements, the Consolidated Company considers the following factors and aggregates these operating departments as a single department:

- (1) Similar product properties and process;
- (2) Similar product pricing strategy and sales model.

# The purchase and sale of goods with related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more January 1 to June 30, 2024

Table 1

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Transacti	on Details		Abnormal 7	Fransaction	Notes/ Accoun Receiv		
Company Name	Counterparty	Nature of Relationships	Purchases/ Sales	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	Remark
GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Sales	(\$ 686,118)	( 64%)	Net 90 days from the end of the month of delivery	_	_	\$ 363,188	72%	Notes 1, 2 and 3
GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	686,118	59%	"	_	_	( 363,188)	( 60%)	Notes 1, 2 and 3
	GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	476,426	41%	"	_	_	( 243,021)	( 40%)	Notes 1, 2 and 3
GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	"	Sales	( 476,426)	( 67%)	"	Ι	П	243,021	80%	Notes 1, 2 and 3

Note 1: The transaction price is determined by the cost-plus pricing.

Note 2: There is no unrealized profit or loss for this period.

Note 3: It has been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

# Accounts receivable from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more June 30, 2024

Table 2

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			E. P. D. L.	Turnover	Ove	rdue	Amounts Received	Allowance for
Company Name	Counterparty	ounterparty   Lending Balance   Lending Balance		Amount	Action Taken	in Subsequent Period (Note 1)	Bad Debts	
GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable \$ 363,188	3.49	\$ -	_	\$ 115,850	\$ -
GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable 243,021	4.59	-	-	85,964	-

Note 1: Amount recovered from July 1 to August 7, 2024.

Note 2: It has been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The relationship and circumstances and amounts of important transactions between the parent and subsidiary companies and between each subsidiary January 1 to June 30, 2024

Table 3

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Dalationahin to the			Tra	ansaction I	Details	
No.	Counterparty	Transaction Counterparty	Relationship to the Counterparty	Account	Amount (Note 1)		nt (Note 1) Transaction Terms		% of Total Sales or Assets (Note 2)
1	GEM Electronics	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan	Note 3 (3)	Sales Revenue	\$	686,118	(Note 4)	Net 90 days from the end of	31%
	(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Branch						the month of delivery	
				Accounts receivable due from related parties		363,188		_	6%
				Contract assets - related parties		49,969		_	1%
2	GEM Electronics (Hefei)	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan	Note 3 (3)	Sales Revenue		476,426	(Note 4)	Net 90 days from the end of	21%
	Co., Ltd.	Branch						the month of delivery	
				Accounts receivable due from related parties		243,021		_	4%
				Contract assets - related parties		30,619		_	-
3	GEM Tech Ltd.	The Company	Note 3 (2)	Remittance of earnings		491,022		_	8%

The business relationship between the parent and the subsidiaries:

The Company and GEM Electronics Company Limited are holding companies; GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is mainly engaged in the manufacture and sale of electronic parts; GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd. is mainly engaged in the manufacture and sale of electronic parts and plant leasing; GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch and GEM Tech Ltd. sell electronic components.

- Note 1: This table discloses information on one-way transactions only, which have been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 2: The calculation of the ratio of the transaction amount to the consolidated total revenue or total assets is calculated by the closing balance for the consolidated total assets if it is an asset-liability account or calculated by the interim accumulated amount for the consolidated total revenue if it is a profit and loss account.
- Note 3: Relationship to the counterparty:
  - (1) Parent company to subsidiary
  - (2) Subsidiary to parent company
  - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 4: There is no unrealized profit or loss for this period.

# Information, location... and other related information of subsidiaries January 1 to June 30, 2024

Table 4

(Except for the number of shares, all denominated in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and foreign currency)

Investor Commony	Original Investmen		ment Amount	Holding of I	nvestment at t Period	the End of the	Net Income	Share of Profits			
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Business Scope	End of the Current Period	Ouantity   Proport		Proportion	Carrying Amount	(Losses) of the Investee	(Losses) of Investee	Remark
T J	GEM Electronics Company Limited GEM Tech Ltd.	British Virgin Islands Samoa	Holding company business Sales of electronic parts	\$ - 18,202 (USD 606)	\$ - 18,202 (USD 606)	100 606,091	100%	\$2,974,535 1,150,347	\$ 107,443 229,901	\$ 107,443 229,901	Note 1

Note 1: The share of profit (losses) of investee is based on the financial statements of the investee company audited by the CPA during the same period.

Note 2: It has been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Note 3: Please refer to Table 5 for relevant information on investment in Mainland China.

## Information of investment in Mainland China

January 1 to June 30, 2024

Table 5

Unit: thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/ foreign currency

				Accumulated Outflow of	Investme	ent Flows	Accumulated	The Commonv's	Net Income	Share of Profits	Carrying Amount	Accumulated
Investee Company in China	Business Scope	Paid-in Shares Capital	Investment Method	Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of June 30, 2024	The Company's Direct or Indirect Holding Percentage	(Losses) of	(Losses) of Investee		Inward Remittance of Earnings as of June 30, 2024
GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note 4)	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts	\$ 2,239,050 ( USD 69,000 ) (Note 5)	Reinvested by GEM Electronics Company Limited (Note 1(2))	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	100%	\$ 107,443	\$ 107,443 (Note 2(2) 2.)	\$ 2,974,535	\$ -
GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd. (Note 4)	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts, factory leasing	1,987,538 ( RMB 436,511 )	Reinvested by GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note 1(3))	-	-	-	-	100%	55,659	55,659 (Note 2(2) 2.)	1,308,784	-
Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Device (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	Production, design, packaging and testing of power management electronic accessories	(USD 162,250 (USD 5,000)	Reinvested by GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note 1(3))	-	-	-	-	20%	44,349	8,870 (Note 2(2) 3.)	124,883	-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of June 30, 2024	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(Note 6)

Note 1: There are three types of investment methods, and they indicated below:

- 1. Directly conduct investment in China.
- 2. Reinvestment in Mainland China through a third regional company (GEM Electronics Company Limited).
- 3. Other methods (reinvestment through GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.).

#### Note 2: In share of profits (losses) of investee

- 1. It shall be indicated if it is under preparation without investment profit or loss.
- 2. The basis for recognition of investment gains and losses is divided into the following three types, which should be indicated.
  - (1) Financial statements audited by an international accounting firm that has a cooperative relationship with an accounting firm of the Republic of China.
  - (2) Financial statements audited by the certified accounting firm by the parent company in Taiwan.
  - (3) Based on the financial statements of the investee that have not been audited by accountants during the same period.
- Note 3: Relevant figures in this table should be denominated in New Taiwan Dollars.
- Note 4: It has been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 5: Part of it is reinvested with surplus funds from the third region.
- Note 6: The Company is not a company established by the Republic of China, so it is not applicable.

# GEM Services, Inc. Information of major shareholders

June 30, 2024

Table 6

Name of Major Charahalders	Shareholding				
Name of Major Shareholders	Shares Held	Ratio of Shareholding			
Elite Advanced Laser Corporation	65,809,451	51%			

Note: In this chart, major shareholders are defined as shareholders with more than 5% collective holding interest in common and preferred shares that have been delivered via book entry (including treasury stocks), as shown in the records of TDCC on the final business day of the current quarter. Share capital, as shown in the financial statements, may differ from the number of shares that have been delivered via book entry due to differences in the preparation basis.