Stock Code: 6525

GEM Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements with CPA's Audit Report

Second Quarter of 2025 and 2024

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For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

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CPA's Audit Report

GEM Services, Inc.:

Qualified Opinion

Consolidated Balance Sheets of GEM Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries (GEM Group) as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, in addition to the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (including a summary of significant accounting policies), have been audited by us.

Except for the potential influence as stated in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph, according to our opinion, we have determined that the foregoing consolidated financial statements have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC, with a fair presentation of the GEM Group 's consolidated financial position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, consolidated financial performance for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, and consolidated cash flows for six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

Basis for a Qualified Opinion

As stated in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements, the GEM Group's investments using the equity method as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 totaled NT\$118,584 thousand and NT\$124,883 thousand, respectively, and share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 amounted to NT\$4,875 thousand, NT\$3,547 thousand, NT\$10,319 thousand, and NT\$8,870 thousand, respectively. As we did not have access to the investees' financial information and management teams, we were unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate evidence to audit the said amounts. Therefore, we were unable to judge whether necessary adjustments should be made to the said amounts.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the ROC. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the GEM Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the ROC, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters stated in the "Basis for a qualified opinion" paragraph, we determined the following matters as key audit matters:

Key audit matters for the GEM Group's consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2025 are stated as follows:

The veracity of the sales revenue of specific customers

The GEM Group's consolidated operating revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was NT\$2,601,435 thousand, with the consolidated revenue growth rate at approximately 16%. However, among the customers with significant sales volume in the first half of the year, the total operating revenue of the customers with larger revenue growth accounted for approximately 46% of the consolidated operating revenue, which resulted in significant influence on the consolidated financial statements. Thus, we believe that the main risk lies in the veracity of the sales revenue of the customers with significant sales volume and larger revenue growth in the first half of 2025 and included it in the key audit matters of the consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2025. Please refer to Note 4 (14) "Revenue recognition" to the 2024 Consolidated Financial Statements for the description of the revenue recognition policy.

Our audit procedures for this include:

1. By understanding the relevant internal control systems and operating procedures of the sales transaction cycle, we design the internal control auditing procedures according to the veracity of the sales revenue and confirm and evaluate the relevant internal control procedure during the sales transactions for whether the design and implementation are effective.

- 2. We obtain the list of the above-mentioned customers for the six months ended June 30, 2025, and evaluate whether their relevant background, transaction amount, credit line and company size are reasonable.
- 3. We select samples from the above-mentioned customer sales details, examine the sales slips, customs declarations, bills of lading, sales invoices, payment collections, and major sales returns after the balance sheet date to confirm the veracity of the sales revenue.

Responsibilities of Management and Governing Units for Consolidated Financial Statements

The responsibility of management is to prepare properly represented consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC and maintain the necessary internal control related to the preparation of the consolidated financial statements to ensure no significant misrepresentation are contained in the consolidated financial statements resulting from fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the GEM Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The GEM Group's governance units (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

CPA's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the ROC will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis

for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the GEM Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the GEM Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the GEM Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the GEM Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the GEM Group's consolidated financial statements for period ended June 30, 2025 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe

these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Deloitte & Touche

CPA Keng-Hsi, Chang

CPA Meng-Kuei, Yu

Approved for recordation by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance Tai-Tsai-Cheng-Liu-Tzu No. 0920123784

Approved for recordation by Financial Supervisory Commission Chin-Kuan-Cheng-Shen-Tzu No. 1130357402

August 11, 2025

GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2025 and December 31 and June 30, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

June 30, 2025	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024		24
	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current assets					
1100 Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6) \$ 1,863,626	31	\$ 2,275,498	34	\$ 1,834,084	30
Financial assets measured at amortized cost - current	_				
(Notes 7 and 8) 175,800	3	196,710	3	120.757	-
1140 Current contract assets (Notes 5 and 21) 119,977	2	108,353	2	128,757	2
1170 Accounts receivable (Notes 5, 9, 21 and 26) 912,032 1180 Accounts receivable due from related parties (Notes 5,	15	852,200	13	888,922	14
21 and 28) Accounts receivable due from related parties (Notes 5, 9,394	_	8,903	_	9,223	_
1200 Other receivables (Notes 5 and 9) 132,801	2	119,797	2	105,373	2
1210 Other receivables due from related parties (Notes 5 and	2	115,757	2	103,373	2
28) 276	_	863	_	179	-
130X Inventories (Note 10) 135,972	2	141,948	2	172,680	3
1410 Prepayments (Note 17) <u>34,409</u>	1	30,696		21,344	
11XX Total current assets 3,384,287	<u>56</u>	3,734,968	56	3,160,562	51
Non-current assets					
Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 12) 118,584	2	125 014	2	124 992	2
(Note 12) 118,584 1600 Property, plant and equipment (Notes 13 and 25) 2,295,747	2 38	125,814 2,476,339	2 37	124,883 2,672,219	2 43
1755 Right-of-use assets (Note 14) 2,293,747	2	137,919	2	60,402	43 1
1760 Investment property (Note 15) 35,545	1	43,522	1	47,358	1
1780 Other intangible assets (Note 16) 2,233	-	3,246	-	2,972	-
1840 Deferred tax assets (Note 4) 49,684	1	55,961	1	36,130	1
1990 Other non-current assets (Notes 17 and 28) 31,508	_	43,157	1	40,900	1
15XX Total non-current assets 2,641,240	44	2,885,958	44	2,984,864	49
1XXX Total assets <u>\$ 6,025,527</u>	100	\$ 6,620,926	<u>100</u>	\$ 6,145,426	_100
Code Tid Webs and and a					
Code Liabilities and equity Current liabilities					
2130 Current contract liabilities (Note 21) \$ 36,792	1	\$ 18,892		\$ 4,276	
2170 Accounts payable 689,868	11	683,783	10	662,052	11
2200 Other payables (Notes 18 and 26) 534,529	9	521,970	8	511,937	8
2230 Current tax liabilities (Note 4) 90,077	1	98,948	2	72,899	1
2250 Current provisions (Note 19) 30,000	_	30,000	-	30,000	1
2281 Current lease liabilities (Note 14) 30,360	1	33,212	1	17,434	-
2300 Other current liabilities (Notes 18, 26 and 28) 176,969	3	180,049	3	180,930	3
21XX Total current liabilities 1,588,595	26	1,566,854	24	1,479,528	24
Non-current liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 4) 23,756	-	27,541	-	10,415	-
Non-current lease liabilities (Note 14) 43,171	1	65,176	1	4,424	-
Other non-current liabilities (Notes 18 and 28) 387,466	<u>7</u>	439,262	7	480,393	8
25XX Total non-current liabilities 454,393	8	531,979	8	495,232	8
2XXX Total liabilities 2,042,988	34	2,098,833	32	1,974,760	32
Equity attributable to owners of the Company (Note 20)					
Share capital	22	1 200 474	10	1 200 474	2.1
3110 Common stock 1,290,474	22	1,290,474	<u>19</u>	1,290,474	<u>21</u>
3200 Capital surplus <u>624,536</u>	10	624,536	9	624,536	10
Retained earnings		600 100	0	(22.122	1.0
3310 Legal reserve 688,542	11	622,122	9	622,122	10
3320 Special reserve 99,617	2	253,910	4	253,910	4 25
3350 Unappropriated earnings 1,702,908 Total ratained cornings 2,491,067	<u>28</u>	1,830,668	<u>28</u>	1,484,952	$\frac{25}{30}$
3300 Total retained earnings <u>2,491,067</u>	41	2,706,700	$(\frac{41}{1})$	2,360,984	$(\frac{39}{2})$
3400 Other equity $(423,538)$ $($	<u>7</u>)	(99,617)	$(\underline{})$	(105,328)	(2)
3XXX Total equity <u>3,982,539</u>	66	4,522,093	68	4,170,666	<u>68</u>
Total liabilities and equity \$ 6,025,527	100	\$ 6,620,926	100	\$ 6,145,426	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Please refer to the audit report of Deloitte & Touche on August 11, 2025)

Chairman: Chu-Liang, Cheng General Manager: Yen-Chiang, Tang Head-Finance & Accounting: Jui-Ping, Wang

GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

April 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024 and January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024 $\,$

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

		April 1 to June 30, 20		April 1 to June 30, 20		January 1 June 30, 20		January 1 June 30, 20	
Code		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue (Notes 21 and 28)	\$ 1,387,084	100	\$ 1,185,916	100	\$ 2,601,435	100	\$ 2,247,342	100
5000	Operating costs (Notes 10 and 22)	(986,388)	(_71)	(915,450)	(<u>77</u>)	(_1,901,564)	(<u>74</u>)	(_1,758,483)	(<u>78</u>)
5900	Gross profit from operations	400,696	_29	270,466	_23	699,871	_26	488,859	_22
	Operating expenses (Notes 9, 21, 22 and 28)								
6100	Selling expenses	(5,009)	-	(4,712)	(1)	(9,714)	-	(9,229)	(1)
6200	Administrative expenses	(78,359)	(6)	(71,542)	(6)	(156,115)	(6)	(143,511)	(6)
6300	Research and development expenses	(11,502)	(1)	(12,620)	(1)	(21,474)	(1)	(24,208)	(1)
6450	Reversal of expected credit losses	449	$\left(\frac{-7}{7}\right)$	708	(- 0)	3,965	(-7)	35	(- 0)
6000	Total operating expenses	(94,421)	(7)	(88,166)	(_8)	(183,338)	(_7)	(176,913)	(_8)
6900	Net operating income	306,275	_22	182,300	<u>15</u>	516,533	<u>19</u>	311,946	_14
- 100	Non-operating income and expenses	4.0.00				•= 100			
7100	Interest income (Note 22)	12,832	1	12,752	1	27,188	1	23,773	1
7010	Other income (Note 22)	1,278	- (0)	2,296	-	1,874	- (1)	3,038	-
7020	Other gains and losses (Note 22)	(120,554)	(9)	(814)	-	(119,638)	(4)	48,936	2
7050 7060	Finance costs (Note 22)	(701)	-	(237)	-	(1,531)	-	(553)	-
7000	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using								
	equity method (Note 12)	4,875	1	3,547	1	10,319		8,870	1
7000	Total non-operating income	4,8/3	1	3,347	<u> </u>	10,319	_	8,870	1
7000	and expenses	(102,270)	(7)	17,544	2	(81,788)	(<u>3</u>)	84,064	4
7000	Due fit from a setimation of a setimation of a form								
7900	Profit from continuing operations before	204.005	1.5	100 944	17	121 715	16	206.010	10
	income tax	204,005	15	199,844	17	434,745	16	396,010	18
7950	Income tax expense (Notes 4 and 23)	(61,521)	(_5)	(37,816)	(<u>3</u>)	(108,379)	(_4)	(77,529)	(_4)
8200	Profit	142,484	<u>10</u>	162,028	<u>14</u>	326,366	12	318,481	<u>14</u>
	Other comprehensive income (loss)								
	(Note 20)								
8310	Components of other comprehensive								
	income that will not be								
	reclassified to profit or loss:								
8341	Translation differences from								
	functional currency to								
	presentation currency	(512,667)	(37)	57,008	5	(471,281)	(18)	221,599	10
8360	Components of other comprehensive								
	income that will be reclassified to								
	profit or loss								
8361	Exchange differences on								
	translation of foreign								
	financial statements	129,310	<u>10</u>	(7,212)	$(\underline{1})$	147,360	<u>6</u>	(73,017)	$(\underline{3})$
8300	Other comprehensive income								
	in the current period (net			10 =0 5				4.40.505	_
	amount after tax)	(383,357)	$(\underline{27})$	49,796	4	(323,921)	(12)	148,582	<u>7</u>
0500	Total account on the control in account								
8500	Total comprehensive income in current	(# 240.072)	(17)	Φ 211.024	1.0	Φ 2.445		Φ 467.062	21
	period	(\$ 240,873)	(<u>17</u>)	<u>\$ 211,824</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>\$ 2,445</u>	-	<u>\$ 467,063</u>	<u>21</u>
	Farnings per share (Note 24)								
	Earnings per share (Note 24) From continuing operations								
9710	Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.10		<u>\$ 1.26</u>		\$ 2.53		\$ 2.47	
9810	Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.10		\$ 1.25 \$ 1.25		\$ 2.51		\$ 2.47 \$ 2.45	
7010	Diffued carmings per snare	<u>ψ 1.1U</u>		$\psi = 1.23$		$\Psi = 2.31$		<u>ψ 2.T3</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Please refer to the audit report of Deloitte & Touche on August 11, 2025)

Chairman: Chu-Liang, Cheng

General Manager: Yen-Chiang, Tang Head-Finance & Accounting: Jui-Ping, Wang

GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Equity attributable to	owners of the Company			
					Retained earnings		Other equity Exchange differences on translation of	
Code		Common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated earnings	foreign financial statements	Total equity
$\frac{8848}{A1}$	Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$ 1,290,474	\$ 624,536	\$ 565,513	\$ 209,037	\$ 1,719,619	(\$ 253,910)	\$ 4,155,269
B1	Distribution of 2023 earnings (Note 20) Legal reserve	<u>-</u>	_	56,609	<u>-</u>	(56,609)	_	-
В3	Special reserve	-	-	-	44,873	(44,873)	-	-
B5	Cash dividends		-	-		(<u>451,666</u>)	-	(<u>451,666</u>)
				56,609	44,873	(553,148)		(451,666)
D1	Net profit from January 1 to June 30, 2024	-	-	-	-	318,481	-	318,481
D3	Other comprehensive income from January 1 to June 30, 2024	_	_	-	_		<u> 148,582</u>	148,582
D5	Total comprehensive income from January 1 to June 30, 2024			-		318,481	148,582	467,063
Z 1	Balance as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>	<u>\$ 624,536</u>	<u>\$ 622,122</u>	<u>\$ 253,910</u>	<u>\$ 1,484,952</u>	(\$ 105,328)	<u>\$ 4,170,666</u>
A1	Balance as of January 1, 2025	\$ 1,290,474	<u>\$ 624,536</u>	\$ 622,122	\$ 253,910	\$ 1,830,668	(\$ 99,617)	\$ 4,522,093
B1 B3 B5	Distribution of 2024 earnings (Note 20) Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends	- - - -	- - - -	66,420 - - - 66,420	(154,293) (154,293)	(66,420) 154,293 (541,999) (454,126)	- - - - -	(<u>541,999</u>) (<u>541,999</u>)
D1	Net profit from January 1 to June 30, 2025	-	-	-	-	326,366	-	326,366
D3	Other comprehensive income from January 1 to June 30, 2025			_	_	-	(323,921)	(323,921)
D5	Total comprehensive income from January 1 to June 30, 2025	_		-	_	326,366	(323,921)	2,445
Z1	Balance as of June 30, 2025	\$ 1,290,474	<u>\$ 624,536</u>	<u>\$ 688,542</u>	\$ 99,617	<u>\$ 1,702,908</u>	(\$ 423,538)	\$ 3,982,539

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Please refer to the audit report of Deloitte & Touche on August 11, 2025)

Chairman: Chu-Liang, Cheng General Manager: Yen-Chiang, Tang

Head-Finance & Accounting: Jui-Ping, Wang

GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code		January 1 to June 30, 2025		January 1 to June 30, 2024	
	Cash flows from operating activities				
A10000	Profit before tax	\$	434,745	\$	396,010
A20010	Adjustments for:				
A20100	Depreciation expense		291,460		326,313
A20200	Amortization expense		737		833
A20300	Reversal of expected credit losses	(3,965)	(35)
A20900	Finance costs		1,531		553
A21200	Interest income	(27,188)	(23,773)
A22300	Share of (profit) loss of associates and				
	joint ventures accounted for using				
	equity method	(10,319)	(8,870)
A22500	Loss on disposal of property, plant and				
	equipment		20		365
A23700	Loss on decline in market value and				
	obsolete and slow-moving				
	inventories		66		876
A24100	Foreign currency exchange (gain) loss		117,627	(65,707)
A29900	Liability provisions		105		325
A30000	Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
A31125	Contract assets	(13,084)	(8,952)
A31150	Accounts receivable	(174,522)	(106,137)
A31160	Accounts receivable due from related				
	parties	(1,521)		1,143
A31180	Other receivables	(31,672)		7,598
A31200	Inventories	(8,607)		7,234
A31230	Prepayments	(7,422)		7,967
A32125	Contract liabilities		17,954	(19,082)
A32150	Accounts payable		83,461		38,047
A32180	Other payables		304	(40,734)
A32200	Liability provisions	(105)	(325)
A32230	Other current liabilities		23		20
A33000	Cash inflows generated from operating				
	activities		669,628		513,669
A33100	Interest received		31,576		25,134
A33300	Interest paid	(1,531)	(553)
A33500	Income taxes paid	(116,769)	(7,433)
AAAA	Net cash generated from operating				
	activities		582,904		530,817

(Continued)

(Continued from previous page)

Code		January 1 to June 30, 2025		January 1 to June 30, 2024	
	Cash flows from investing activities				
B00040	Acquisition of financial assets measured at				
	amortized cost	(\$	190,478)	\$	-
B00060	Repayment of principal on financial assets				
	measured at amortized cost upon maturity		191,271		-
B02700	Acquisition of property, plant and				
	equipment	(140,946)	(79,899)
B03700	Increase in refundable deposits	(33)	(240)
B03800	Decrease in refundable deposits		-		783
B04300	Increase in other receivables due from				
	related parties	(195)	(129)
B07100	Increase in prepayments for equipment	(27,312)	(21,288)
B07600	Dividends received		4,169		6,500
BBBB	Net cash used in investing activities	(163,524)	(94,273)
	~ . ~				
~~	Cash flows from financing activities				
C04020	Repayment of the principal portion of lease	,	4.5.000)	,	4 < 0 = = \
	liabilities	(15,998)	(16,055)
C04500	Cash dividends	(539,677)	(449,851)
CCCC	Cash used in financing activities	(555,675)	(465,906)
DDDD	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and				
DDDD	equivalents	(275,577)		131,953
	- 1	(<u> </u>		101,500
EEEE	Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash				
	equivalents	(411,872)		102,591
	-	`			-
E00100	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		2,275,498	_1	,731,493
E00200	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 1</u>	1,863,626	<u>\$ 1</u>	,834,084
	-				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Please refer to the audit report of Deloitte & Touche on August 11, 2025)

Chairman: General Manager: Head-Finance & Accounting:

Chu-Liang, Cheng Yen-Chiang, Tang Jui-Ping, Wang

GEM SERVICES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024

(Otherwise stated, all amounts are in thousands of NTD)

1. Company history

GEM Services, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was established in the Cayman Islands in April 1998. On June 23, 2015, with the resolution of the shareholders' meeting, the Company changed the denomination of shares to New Taiwan Dollars to be listed where the face value per share is NT\$10. As of June 30, 2025, the Company's paid-in capital was \$1,290,474 thousand, and its business activities include 1. Semiconductor packaging and testing foundry; 2. Plant leasing, etc.

The Company's functional currency is US dollars, but the Company's stock was listed TWSE on April 12, 2016. To increase the comparability and consistency of the financial statement, this consolidated financial statement is presented in New Taiwan Dollar.

2. <u>Dates and procedures for the financial statement approval</u>

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on August 11, 2025.

3. Application of new and revised standards, amendments, and interpretations

(1) Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Amendments to IAS 21 - Lack of Exchangeability

The application of the amendment to IAS 21, "Lack of Exchangeability," is not expected to cause a significant change to the accounting policies of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively as the "Consolidated Company").

(2) Applicable FSC-approved IFRS Accounting Standards in 2026

New, revised or amended standards and	Effective date issued by
interpretations	IASB
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to	January 1, 2026
the Classification and Measurement of Financial	
Instruments"	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 - Contracts	January 1, 2026
Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity	

New, revised or amended standards and	Effective date issued by
interpretations	IASB
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards	January 1, 2026
- Volume 11	
IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 - Initial Application of	January 1, 2023
IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information	

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized, the Consolidated Company is continuously assessing the possible impact of various amendments on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

(3) New IFRSs Accounting Standards in issue by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, revised or amended standards and	Effective date issued by
interpretations	IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 - Sale or	To be determined by IASB
Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its	
Associate or Joint Venture	
IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial	January 1, 2027
Statements	
IFRS 19 "Disclosure Initiative - Subsidiaries without	January 1, 2027
Public Accountability: Disclosures"	-

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above new/revised/amended standards or interpretations are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on their respective effective dates.

IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes in this standard include:

- The statement of profit or loss should classify income and expenses in the operating, investing, financing, income taxes, and discontinued operations categories.
- An entity has to present totals and subtotals in the statement of profit or loss for operating profit or loss, pre-tax profit or loss before financing, and profit or loss.
- Requirements for provision of guidance to enhance aggregation and disaggregation: The Consolidated Company should identify assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses, losses, and cash flows in each transaction or other

events, and classify and aggregate them based on shared characteristics so that the main line items presented in the financial statements share at least one similar characteristic. Items should be disaggregated based on non-similar characteristics. The Consolidated Company should label such items as "other" only if it cannot find a more informative title.

• Increasing the disclosure of management-defined performance measures (MPMs): When the Consolidated Company engages in public communications outside financial statements and communicate to management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the entity as a whole, the Consolidated Company should disclose information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements, including a description of how the MPM is measured, how the MPM is calculated, and a reconciliation between the MPM and the total or subtotal required by IFRS Accounting Standards, including the income tax effect and the effect on non-controlling interests for each item disclosed in the reconciliation.

In addition to the above impacts, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized, the Consolidated Company is continuously assessing the other impacts that the application of the standards and interpretations will have on the Consolidated Company's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impacts when the assessment is completed.

4. Summary of significant accounting policies

(1) Statement of compliance

This consolidated financial statement has been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" approved and issued by the FSC. This consolidated financial statement does not contain all the IFRSs Accounting Standards disclosures required by the annual report.

(2) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

(3) Consolidation basis

This consolidated financial statement includes the financial statement of the Company and the entities (subsidiaries) controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted to ensure the accounting policies are line with those of the Consolidated Company. Transactions between entities, account

balances, profit and losses have been fully eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

For details of subsidiaries, shareholding ratio and business activities, please refer to Note 11 and Table 4 and Table 5 of Note 31.

(4) Other significant accounting policies

In addition to the following descriptions, please refer to the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the 2024 consolidated financial statement.

Income tax expenses

Income tax expense is the sum of current income tax and deferred income tax. Income tax for the interim period is assessed on an annual basis and is calculated on the interim pre-tax profit at the tax rate applicable to the expected total annual earnings.

5. <u>Major sources of uncertainty in significant accounting judgments, estimations, and assumptions</u>

When Consolidated Company adopts accounting policies, the management must make relevant judgments, estimates and assumptions based on experience and other relevant factors for the information that is not easily obtained from other sources. Actual results may differ from estimates.

The Consolidated Company will take the possible impacts of inflation and market interest rate fluctuations, foreign exchange market fluctuations, and U.S. reciprocal tariff measures into consideration when making major estimates, such as cash flow estimates, growth rates, discount rates, and profitability. The management will continue to review the estimates and the basic assumptions.

Main sources of uncertainty in estimates and assumptions

Estimated impairment of financial assets and contract assets

The estimated impairment of accounts receivable, other receivables and contract assets is based on the Consolidated Company's assumptions of probability of default and loss given default. The Consolidated Company takes experience, current market conditions and forward-looking information into account to develop assumptions and inputs for impairment assessments. Please refer to Note 9 and Note 21 for the key assumptions and inputs used. If the actual future cash flow is less than the Consolidated Company's expectations, there may be significant impairment losses.

6. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	
	2025	2024	2024	
Cash on hand and working fund	\$ 172	\$ 297	\$ 188	
Bank demand deposit	1,511,854	1,457,028	1,639,197	
Cash Equivalent (Investments				
with original maturity within				
3 months)				
Bank fixed deposit	351,600	818,173	194,699	
	<u>\$ 1,863,626</u>	<u>\$ 2,275,498</u>	<u>\$ 1,834,084</u>	

As of June 30, 2025, and December 31 and June 30, 2024, the interest rate ranges for bank deposits were 0.05% to 4.2%, 0.05% to 4.8%, and 0.05% to 5.33%, respectively.

7. Financial assets measured at amortized cost

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Current			
Time deposits with original			
maturities exceeding 3			
months (1)	<u>\$ 175,800</u>	<u>\$ 196,710</u>	<u>\$</u>

- (1) As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the interest rate for time deposits with an original maturity of more than 3 months was 4.14% and 4.30% per annum, respectively.
- (2) Please refer to Note 8 for information on credit risk management and impairment assessment related to financial assets measured at amortized cost.

8. <u>Credit risk management of debt instrument investment</u>

The debt instruments of the Consolidated Company are financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Measured at amortized cost Total amount	\$ 175,800	\$ 196,710	\$ -
Loss allowances Measured at amortized cost	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> \$ 196,710	<u>-</u> \$ -

The policy adopted by the Consolidated Company is to invest only in debt instruments issued by creditworthy entities. The Consolidated Company continues to track changes in the credit risk of the debt instruments it invests in while reviewing other information, such as material information on debtors, to assess whether the credit risk of debt instrument investments has increased significantly since initial recognition.

To mitigate credit risk, the Consolidated Company's management will collect relevant information to assess the default risk of its debt instrument investments. The Consolidated Company gives appropriate internal ratings based on publicly available financial information.

The Consolidated Company considers the debtor's historical record, current market conditions, and forward-looking information to measure the 12-month expected credit loss or lifetime expected credit loss of its debt instrument investments. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the Consolidated Company assessed that it was not necessary to report expected credit losses for debt instrument investments it held.

9. Accounts receivable and other receivables

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024		June 30, 2024	
Accounts receivable Measured at amortized cost Total amount Less: loss allowances	\$ (<u>\$</u>	912,080 48) 912,032	\$ (<u>\$</u>	852,290 90) 852,200	\$ (<u>\$</u>	889,142 220) 888,922
Other receivables OEM collection and payment Scrap receivable Interest receivable Other	\$ <u>\$</u>	120,045 7,819 2,737 2,200 132,801	\$ <u>\$</u>	109,034 754 7,125 2,884 119,797	\$ <u>\$</u>	99,413 2,186 1,563 2,211 105,373

(1) Accounts receivable

The Consolidated Company's average credit period for commodity sales is 30 to 90 days, and the collection policy does not add interest to overdue accounts receivable. When determining the recoverability of accounts receivable, the Consolidated Company considers any changes in the quality of accounts receivable from the original credit date to the balance sheet date. Experience shows that most accounts receivable are recovered well.

To mitigate credit risk, the management of the Consolidated Company performs credit limit determination, credit approval and other monitoring procedures for each counterparty to ensure appropriate actions have been taken to recover overdue accounts receivable. In addition, the Consolidated Company will review the recoverable amount of accounts receivable one by one on the balance sheet date to ensure the unrecoverable accounts receivable are recognized as impairment losses.

Accordingly, the management of the Consolidated Company believes that the credit risk of the Consolidated Company has been significantly reduced.

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss allowance for accounts receivable based on lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are calculated using a provision matrix, which considers experience, current market conditions and business outlook. As the Consolidated Company's credit loss experience shows that there is no significant difference in the provision matrix of different customer groups, the provision matrix does not further differentiate customer groups, and only sets the expected credit loss rate based on the number of days overdue for accounts receivable.

If there is evidence that the counterparty is facing serious financial difficulties and the Consolidated Company cannot reasonably expect the recoverable amount, the Consolidated Company will directly write off the relevant accounts receivable and loss allowance, but will continue to pursue account recovery, and the amount recovered due to pursuit and recovery will be recognized in profit or loss.

The Consolidated Company measures the loss allowance of accounts receivable according to the provision matrix as follows:

June 30, 2025

	Not past due	1~60 days past due	61~90 days past due	91~120 days past due	Over 120 days past due	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.08%	0.08%~ 5.87%	6.8%~ 11.56%	17.75%~ 40%	50.83%~ 100%	
Total amount Loss allowance	\$ 881,432	\$ 30,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45	\$ 912,080
(lifetime expected credit losses)	(1)	(<u>2</u>)			(<u>45</u>)	(<u>48</u>)
Measured at amortized cost	<u>\$ 881,431</u>	\$ 30,601	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>	\$ 912,032

December 31, 2024

	Not past due	1~60 days past due	61~90 days past due	91~120 days past due	Over 120 days past due	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.02%	0.02%~ 6.19%	6.74%~ 12.59%	13.56%~ 33.33%	50%~ 100%	
Total amount	\$ 809,912	\$ 42,361	\$ 17	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 852,290
Loss allowance (lifetime expected						
credit losses)	(<u>19</u>)	(<u>69</u>)	(2)			(90)
Measured at amortized cost	\$ 809,893	<u>\$ 42,292</u>	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 852,200

June 30, 2024

	Not past du		~60 days past due	0 days t due		20 days t due	Over 12 past	-		Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.01%		0.05%~ 14.33%	 3%∼ 59%	/	1%∼ 38%	18.73			
Total amount	\$ 852,600	5 \$	36,431	\$ 25	\$	80	\$	-	\$	889,142
Loss allowance (lifetime expected	(0	4 > - /	05)			41.			,	220)
credit losses)	(9	<u>+</u>) (_	<u>85</u>)	 	(<u>41</u>)			(<u>220</u>)
Measured at amortized										
cost	\$ 852,512	<u>2</u> <u>\$</u>	36,346	\$ 25	\$	39	\$		\$	888,922

Changes in loss allowance for accounts receivable is as follows:

	Janua	ry 1 to	January 1 to		
	June 3	0, 2025	June 30, 2024		
Opening balance	\$	90	\$ 255		
Less: Reversal of impairment					
loss for the current period	(<u>42</u>)	(35)		
Ending balance	\$	<u>48</u>	<u>\$ 220</u>		

(2) Other receivables

The Consolidated Company accounts for other receivables such as OEM collection and payment, unrecovered amount from the sale of scraps and interest receivable. The Consolidated Company's policy is to only conduct business with customers with good credit. The Consolidated Company continues to monitor and refer to the counterparty's past default records and analyze its current financial position to assess whether the credit risk of other receivables has increased significantly since the original recognition and to measure expected credit losses. If there is evidence that the counterparty has signs of breach of contract or the termination so where the recoverable amount cannot be reasonably estimated, the Consolidated Company will directly write off the relevant other accounts receivable and loss allowance, but will continue to pursue for recovery. The amount recovered by the pursuit will be recognized in profit or loss. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31 and June 30, 2024, the Consolidated Company assessed other receivables without the need to report expected credit losses.

10. Inventories

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2025	2024	2024
Raw material	\$ 135,972	\$ 141,948	\$ 172,680

The nature of cost of goods sold is as follows:

	April 1 to		April 1 to		January 1 to	January 1 to	
	Jun	June 30, 2025		e 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	
Cost of inventories sold	-\$	984,400	-\$	913,139	\$ 1,897,383	\$ 1,753,440	
Lease cost Loss on decline in market value		1,988		2,113	4,115	4,167	
and obsolete and slow-moving inventories		<u>-</u>		198	66	<u>876</u>	
3	\$	986,388	\$	915,450	\$ 1,901,564	\$ 1,758,483	

11. Subsidiary

Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

			Shareholding percentage		
			June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
Investor Company	Subsidiary	Nature of business	2025	2024	2024
The Company	GEM Electronics Company Limited	Holding company business	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
	GEM Tech Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
GEM Electronics Company Limited	GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts, plant leasing	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

12. <u>Investments accounted for using equity method</u>

<u>Investments in associates</u>

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Individually insignificant			
associates			
Mitsubishi Electric GEM			
Power Device (Hefei)			
Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 118,584</u>	<u>\$ 125,814</u>	<u>\$ 124,883</u>

Shareholding and voting rights of the Consolidated Company in the associates at the balance sheet date are as follows:

			Shareholding and voting rights			
		Main	June 30,	June 30,		
Company name	Nature of business	business site	2025	2024	2024	
Mitsubishi Electric	Production, design,	Hefei City,				
GEM Power	packaging and testing	Anhui				
Device (Hefei)	of power management	Province,				
Co., Ltd.	electronic accessories	China	20%	20%	20%	

Information of individually insignificant associates

	April 1 to June 30, 2025		1	oril 1 to 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025		January 1 to June 30, 2024	
Attributable to the Consolidated								
Company								
Net income from								
continuing operations	\$	4,875	\$	3,547	\$	10,319	\$	8,870
Other comprehensive								
income								-
Total comprehensive								
income	\$	4,875	\$	3,547	\$	10,319	\$	8,870

Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method is recognized based on the financial statements of the associates that have not been audited by CPA during the same period.

13. Property, plant and equipment

Used for its own

	Building	Machinery equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements	Other	construction and equipment to be inspected	Total
Cost Balance as of January 1, 2025 Enhancements Reclassification (Note) Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2025	\$ 548,006 - - (<u>56,214</u>) <u>\$ 491,792</u>	\$ 6,404,629 40,169 73,645 (514) (337,429) \$ 6,180,500	\$ 10,673 - - (403) \$ 10,270	\$ 64,703 81 155 (654) (6,502) \$ 57,783	\$ 95,459 4,251 - (10,120) \$ 89,590	\$ 92,534 982 (53) (9,563) \$ 83,900	\$ 129,817 142,098 (38,569) - (12,221) \$ 221,125	\$ 7,345,821 187,581 35,231 (1,221) (432,452) \$ 7,134,960
Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2025 Depreciation expense Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2025	\$ 187,927 12,173 - (20,214) \$ 179,886	\$ 4,449,833 251,406 (514) (<u>255,851</u>) <u>\$ 4,444,874</u>	\$ 9,945 355 - (395) \$ 9,905	\$ 59,481 954 (634) (6,031) \$ 53,770	\$ 81,404 2,861 - (8,571) \$ 75,694	\$ 80,892 2,750 (53) (8,505) \$ 75,084	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 4,869,482 270,499 (1,201) (<u>299,567</u>) <u>\$ 4,839,213</u>
Net amount as of June 30, 2025	\$ 311,906	\$ 1,735,626	\$ 365	\$ 4,013	\$ 13,896	\$ 8,816	\$ 221,125	\$ 2,295,747
Net amount as of December 31, 2024 and January 1, 2025	\$ 360,079	\$_1,954,796	\$ 728	\$ 5,222	\$ 14,055	\$ 11,642	\$ 129,817	\$ 2,476,339
Cost Balance as of January 1, 2024 Enhancements Reclassification (Note) Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$ 519,909 1,024 - 26,160 \$ 547,093	\$ 6,099,106 1,399 105,912 (3,911) 148,621 \$ 6,351,127	\$ 10,479 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 59,589 1,292 (22) 2,967 \$ 63,826	\$ 79,227 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 90,323 - (158) - 4,537 \$ 94,702	\$ 186,307 18,314 (97,906) - - 	\$ 7,044,940 19,713 10,322 (4,091) 192,744 \$ 7,263,628
Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2024 Depreciation expense Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$ 154,872 12,282 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 3,827,863 270,489 (3,549) 109,963 <u>\$ 4,204,766</u>	\$ 8,969 422 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 54,563 1,009 (22) 2,718 \$ 58,268	\$ 43,794 17,620 - 2,451 \$ 63,865	\$ 71,713 4,597 (155) 3,666 \$ 79,821	\$ - - - <u>\$</u> -	\$ 4,161,774 306,419 (3,726) 126,942 \$ 4,591,409
Net amount as of June 30, 2024	\$ 371,977	\$ 2,146,361	\$ 1,094	\$ 5,558	\$ 19,346	\$ 14,881	\$ 113,002	\$ 2,672,219

Note: It was transferred from other non-current assets - prepayments for equipment.

No impairment losses were recognized or reversed from January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024.

Depreciation expense is accrued on a straight-line basis for the following economic life:

Building
Factory main building
Building improvement
Machinery equipment

20 years 10 to 20 years 3 to 15 years

Property under

Transportation equipment	5 years
Office equipment	3 to 7 years
Leasehold improvements	2 to 5 years
Other	2 to 10 years

14. <u>Leasing agreement</u>

(1) Right-of-use assets

		June 30, 2025		De	December 31, 2024			ne 30, 024
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets								
Land (Note)		\$	34,891		\$ 39	,469	\$ 3	39,993
Building			72,452		97	,639	1	9,451
Office equipment			596			811		958
		\$	107,939	:	\$ 137	<u>,919</u>	\$ 6	60,402
	Ap	ril 1 to	A	pril 1 to	J	anuary 1 to	Jan	nuary 1 to
-	June	30, 2025	5 June	e 30, 2024	_ <u>_ J</u> u	ine 30, 2025	June	e 30, 2024
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets								
Land	\$	277	\$	294	\$	574	\$	581
Building		7,942		7,763		16,438		15,314
Office equipment	<u>•</u>	0 200		9 120	<u>_</u>	17 155	\$	145
	<u> </u>	8,288	2	8,130	· 7	17,155	<u> </u>	16,040

Note: For the land use right in mainland China, the Consolidated Company has obtained the Land Use Certificates for State Owned Land, and the lease period is 50 years.

Part of the land leased by the Consolidated Company in Hefei, Anhui Province, China has been sub-leased to Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Device (Hefei) Co., Ltd. under operational leasing from January 1, 2022, and the relevant right-of-use assets are presented as investment properties please refer to Note 15. The relevant amount of the above right-of-use assets does not include the right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment properties.

Except for the above-mentioned recognition of depreciation expenses, there was no impairment of the right-of-use assets for the Consolidated Company from January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024.

(2) Lease liabilities

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Carrying amounts of lease liabilities			
Current	\$ 30,360	<u>\$ 33,212</u>	<u>\$ 17,434</u>
Non-current	<u>\$ 43,171</u>	<u>\$ 65,176</u>	<u>\$ 4,424</u>

The range of discount rates for lease liabilities is as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2025	2024	2024
Building	3.6%~4.35%	3.6%~4.35%	4.35%
Office equipment	4.35%	4.35%	4.35%

(3) Other lease information

	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Expense on short-term lease	\$ 1,501	\$ 1,705	\$ 3,015	\$ 3,328
Total cash outflow from lease	(\$ 9,970)	(\$ 10,124)	(\$ 20,544)	(\$ 19,936)

15. <u>Investment property</u>

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2025	2024	2024
Building	\$ 31,246	\$ 38,658	\$ 42,430
Right-of-use assets- Land	4,299	4,864	4,928
	<u>\$ 35,545</u>	<u>\$ 43,522</u>	<u>\$ 47,358</u>

The right-of-use asset in the investment property is the subleasing of the leased land located in Hefei City, Anhui Province, China to Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Device (Hefei) Co., Ltd. under operational leasing.

The lease term of the investment property is 5 years with an option to extend the lease term for 2 years. The lessee does not have the bargain purchase price option at the end of the lease period.

The total lease payments for operational leasing of investment property to be received in the future are as follows:

	June : 202		nber 31, 2024		une 30, 2024
Year 1	\$ 4	14,771 \$	49,888	\$	49,805
Year 2	2	22,385	49,888		49,805
Year 3		-	-		24,903
Year 4		-	-		-
Year 5		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	\$ 6	<u>\$7,156</u>	99,776	<u>\$</u>	124,513

Except for the recognition of depreciation expenses, there was no significant addition, disposal or impairment of the investment properties of the Consolidated Company from January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024. Investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following economic life:

Building

Factory main building 20 years Right-of-use assets- Land 50 years

The Consolidated Company implements a general risk management policy to reduce the residual risk of the leased buildings and right-of-use assets upon expiry of the lease term. The fair value of the investment properties is measured by the independent appraisal company Anhui Huateng Property Assessment Office as a Level 3 input on the balance sheet date. The evaluation is based on market evidence of similar property transaction prices and the cash flow method, and the important unobservable input used include discount rate. The fair value obtained from the evaluation is as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2025	2024	2024
Fair value	\$ 237,099	\$ 262,385	\$ 268,505

16. Other intangible assets

	Computer software
Cost	
Balance as of January 1, 2025	\$ 4,788
Effect of exchange rate changes	(<u>491</u>)
Balance as of June 30, 2025	\$ 4,297
Accumulated amortization	
Balance as of January 1, 2025	\$ 1,542
Amortization expense	737
Effect of exchange rate changes	(<u>215</u>)
Balance as of June 30, 2025	<u>\$ 2,064</u>
Net amount as of June 30, 2025	<u>\$ 2,233</u>
Net amount as of December 31, 2024 and January 1, 2025	<u>\$ 3,246</u>

	Computer software
Cost Balance as of January 1, 2024 Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2024	$\begin{array}{r} \$ & 5,053 \\ \underline{254} \\ \$ & 5,307 \end{array}$
Accumulated amortization Balance as of January 1, 2024 Amortization expense Effect of exchange rate changes Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$ 1,419 833 <u>83</u> <u>\$ 2,335</u>
Net amount as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 2,972</u>

Amortization expenses are accrued on a straight-line basis over the economic life:

Computer software

3 to 5 years

17. Other assets

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Current Prepayments Tax credit Prepayments to suppliers	\$ 14,586	\$ 13,250	\$ 10,245
	9,768	11,954	8,492
Other Non-current	10,055	5,492	2,607
	\$ 34,409	\$ 30,696	\$ 21,344
Prepayments for equipment Refundable deposits paid	\$ 22,957	\$ 33,665	\$ 31,668
(Note 28) (Note)	8,551	9,492	9,232
	\$ 31,508	\$ 43,157	\$ 40,900

Note: The Consolidated Company considers the debtor's historical record, current market conditions and business outlook to measure the 12-month expected credit loss or lifetime expected credit loss of the refundable deposit paid. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31 and June 30, 2024, the Consolidated Company assessed that it was not necessary to report expected credit losses for refundable deposits paid.

18. Other liabilities

	June 30, 2025		Dec	December 31, 2024		June 30, 2024	
Current							
Other payables							
Salary and bonus	\$	103,713	\$	141,251	\$	105,885	
Remuneration to the							
employees and directors		113,310		139,493		111,258	
Payable for equipment (Note							
26)		117,625		70,990		104,835	
OEM collection and payment		66,818		52,151		54,991	
Insurance premium		41,256		38,945		41,386	
Pension		16,698		16,387		18,331	
Professional service fee		5,273		4,281		4,383	
Utility bill		2,969		1,545		2,774	
Business tax		2,562		2,778		2,595	
Cash dividends (Note 26)		2,468		146		1,946	
Other		61,837		54,003		63,553	
	\$	534,529	\$	521,970	\$	511,937	
Other current liabilities							
Guarantee deposit - payments							
received to retain capacity							
(Note) (Note 26)	\$	173,188	\$	175,872	\$	176,741	
Advance receipts (Note 28)		3,677		4,097		4,090	
Temporary receipts		104		80		99	
	\$	176,969	<u>\$</u>	180,049	<u>\$</u>	180,930	
Non-current							
Guarantee deposits and margins							
received							
Payments received to retain							
capacity (Note)	\$	368,874	\$	418,545	\$	459,711	
Other (Note 28)	•	18,592	•	20,717	•	20,682	
,	\$	387,466	\$	439,262	\$	480,393	

Note: To expand the production capacity in response to the increase in customer demand, the Consolidated Company has signed a production capacity agreement with its customers and collected a production capacity deposit which the customers can offset the payment for shipments in phases during the production capacity guarantee period according to the conditions stipulated in the agreement.

19. <u>Liability provisions</u>

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2025	2024	2024
Current			
Warranty	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>

	January 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Opening balance	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
Warranty expense for this period	105	325
Used during this period	(<u>105</u>)	$(\underline{}325)$
Ending balance	\$ 30,000	<u>\$ 30,000</u>

The warranty provision for liabilities is the present value of the best estimate of the future economic outflows due to the warranty obligations by the management of the Consolidated Company according to the contract for the sale of goods. This estimate is based on historical warranty and adjusted by taking into account new raw materials, changes in the process or other factors that affect product quality.

20. Equity

(1) Share capital

Common stock

		June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
	Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	250,000	250,000	250,000
	Authorized capital amount (NTD in thousand) Issued and paid shares (in	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000
	thousands) Issued capital (NTD in	129,047	<u>129,047</u>	129,047
	thousand)	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,474</u>
(2)	Capital surplus			
		June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
	May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends or transferred to capital (Note)			
	Share premium Treasury shares	\$ 530,686 <u>93,850</u> <u>\$ 624,536</u>	\$ 530,686 <u>93,850</u> <u>\$ 624,536</u>	\$ 530,686 <u>93,850</u> <u>\$ 624,536</u>

Note: Such capital surplus can be used to offset a deficit, and can be used to distribute cash or transfer to capital when the Company has no deficit.

However, the appropriation to the share capital is limited to a certain ratio of the paid-in share capital each year.

(3) Retained earning and dividend policy

According to the earnings distribution policy of the Company's Articles of Association, if there is a surplus in the annual final statement, the Board of Directors shall formulate an earning distribution proposal in the following manner and sequence. In the case of share distribution, a resolution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting; in the case of cash distribution, the Board of Directors may be authorized to make a special resolution and report to the shareholders' meeting:

- A. the Company shall set aside all taxes that legally required to be paid;
- B. offset its losses in previous years that have not been previously offset;
- C. set aside 10% as Legal Reserve in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, unless the accumulated amount of such Legal Reserve has reached the total paid-up capital of the Company;
- D. set aside a special capital reserve, if one is required, in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules or as requested by the authorities in charge.

The Company is in the growth stage. Based on the needs of capital expenditure, business expansion and sound financial planning for sustainable development, the Company's dividend policy will be appropriated in cash dividends or stock dividends according to the Company's future capital expenditure budget and capital needs. The proportion of cash dividends distributed to shareholders of the Company shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends to shareholders.

Please refer to Note 22 (8) Employee Remuneration and Director Remuneration for the employees and directors remuneration policy stipulated in the Articles of Association of the Company.

According to Article 237 of the Company Act of the Republic of China, when allocating surplus profits after having paid all taxes and dues, shall first set aside 10% of said profits as legal reserve. Where such legal reserve amounts equal to the total paid-in capital, this provision shall not apply. The legal reserve can be used to make up for losses. When the Company has no losses, the portion of the legal reserve exceeding 25% of the total paid-in capital can be allocated in cash in addition to being accounted as share capital.

The Company set aside the special reserve in accordance with the Official Letter Chin-Kuan-Cheng-Fa-Tzu No. 1090150022 and "Questions and Answers for Special

Reserves Appropriated Following Adoption of the IFRSs (IFRS Accounting Standards)".

The Company's 2024 and 2023 earnings distribution proposals are as follows:

	2024	2023
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 66,420</u>	\$ 56,609
Special reserve	(<u>\$ 154,293</u>)	<u>\$ 44,873</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 541,999</u>	<u>\$ 451,666</u>
Cash dividend per share (NTD)	\$ 4.2	\$ 3.5

The above cash dividends have been distributed by the resolution of the Board of Directors on March 10, 2025 and March 12, 2024, respectively, and the remaining earning distribution items were also resolved at the shareholders' general meeting on May 26, 2025 and May 27, 2024, respectively.

(4) Special reserve

	January 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Opening balance	\$ 253,910	\$ 209,037
Reduction of other equity items	-	44,873
Reversal of reduction of other		
equity items	(<u>154,293</u>)	<u>-</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 99,617</u>	<u>\$ 253,910</u>

(5) Other equity

Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements:

	January 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Opening balance	(\$ 99,617)	(\$ 253,910)
Recognized in the current period		
Translation differences in		
presentation currency	(471,281)	221,599
Exchange differences on		
translation	147,360	$(\underline{73,017})$
Other comprehensive income in		
the current period	$(\underline{323,921})$	148,582
Ending balance	(\$423,538)	(<u>\$ 105,328</u>)

21. Revenue

	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Revenue from customer contracts Packaging and testing Other revenue	\$ 1,347,628	\$ 1,148,196	\$ 2,523,928	\$ 2,175,273
Other (Note 28)	39,456 \$ 1,387,084	37,720 \$ 1,185,916	77,507 \$ 2,601,435	72,069 \$ 2,247,342

(1) Contract balance

	J	fune 30, 2025	Dec	2024	J	une 30, 2024	Ja	nuary 1, 2024
Accounts receivable (Note 9) Accounts receivable due	\$	912,032	\$	852,200	\$	888,922	\$	780,906
from related parties (Note 28)		9,394		8,903		9,223		9,885
(4.2.2.2.4)	\$	921,426	\$	861,103	\$	898,145	\$	790,791
Contract assets Packaging and								
testing Less: loss	\$	124,887	\$	117,427	\$	135,701	\$	123,426
allowances Current contract	(4,910)	(9,074)	(6,944)	(6,933)
assets	<u>\$</u>	119,977	<u>\$</u>	108,353	<u>\$</u>	128,757	<u>\$</u>	116,493
Contract liabilities Packaging and								
testing	\$	36,792	\$	18,892	\$	4,276	<u>\$</u>	23,353

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss allowance for contract assets based on lifetime expected credit losses. The average process duration of the packaging and testing service contracts signed by the Consolidated Company is 20 to 30 days. When determining the possibility of obtaining an unconditional right of payment for contract assets in the future, the policy adopted by the Consolidated Company refers to the historical experience of the counterparty's relevant contract assets, current market conditions and business outlook, considers the contracts that are still under obligations on the balance sheet date, examines each contract for stagnation, and recognizes the loss allowance for contract assets according to the expected credit losses during the duration. If there is evidence that the obligation of the contract have been stagnant for more than 30 days, the Consolidated Company will recognize the loss allowance at full amount, but will continue to pursuit the stagnation of the contract, and carry out the obligation when the stagnation has been eliminated. If there is evidence that the counterparty has signs of breach of contract or is facing serious financial difficulties where the recoverable amount cannot be reasonably estimated, the Consolidated Company will directly write off the relevant contract assets and loss allowance, but will continue to pursue for recovery. The amount recovered by the pursuit will be recognized in profit or loss.

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Expected credit loss rate	3.9%	7.7%	5.1%
Total amount	\$ 124,887	\$ 117,427	\$ 135,701
Loss allowance (lifetime			
expected credit losses)	(4,910)	$(\underline{}9,074)$	(6,944)
	\$ 119,977	\$ 108,353	<u>\$ 128,757</u>

Information on changes in the loss allowance on contract assets:

	January 1 to	January 1 to	
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	
Opening balance	\$ 9,074	\$ 6,933	
Less: Reversal of impairment			
loss for the current period	(3,923)	-	
Effect of exchange rate changes	(241)	<u> </u>	
Ending balance	<u>\$ 4,910</u>	<u>\$ 6,944</u>	

(2) Detail of revenue from customer contracts

	January 1 to	January 1 to
Type of service	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Packaging and testing	\$ 2,523,928	\$ 2,175,273
Electroplating services	50,042	44,493
Lease and other services	27,465	27,576
	<u>\$ 2,601,435</u>	<u>\$ 2,247,342</u>

22. <u>Profit from continuing operations</u>

(1) Interest income

	April 1 to	April 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Bank deposit	\$ 12,832	\$ 12,752	\$ 27,188	\$ 23,773

(2) Other income

	Apri	1 1 to	Ap	ril 1 to	Janu	ary 1 to	Janı	ary 1 to
	June 3	0, 2025	June	30, 2024	June 3	30, 2025	June	30, 2024
Government subsidy	\$	3	\$	1,915	\$	158	\$	1,972
Other		1,275		381		1,716		1,066
	\$	1,278	<u>\$</u>	2,296	\$	1,874	<u>\$</u>	3,038

(3) Other gains and losses

	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Gain or (loss) on foreign exchange Loss on disposal of	(\$ 119,662)	(\$ 1,292)	(\$ 118,624)	\$ 48,622
property, plant and equipment Other	(892)	(219)	(20) (994)	(365)
	$(\underline{\$} 120,554)$	(<u>\$ 814</u>)	(<u>\$ 119,638</u>)	<u>\$ 48,936</u>

(4) Finance costs

	Apr	il 1 to	Apr	il 1 to	Janı	ary 1 to	Janua	ary 1 to
	June 3	0, 2025	June 3	30, 2024	June	30, 2025	June 3	30, 2024
Interest expense on lease								
liability	\$	701	\$	237	\$	1,531	\$	553

(5) Depreciation and amortization

	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Depreciation expenses summarized by function				
Operating costs	\$ 135,563	\$ 155,080	\$ 273,630	\$ 308,756
Operating expenses	8,600 <u>\$ 144,163</u>	8,913 \$ 163,993	17,830 \$ 291,460	17,557 \$ 326,313
Amortization expenses summarized by function				
Administrative	\$ 356	\$ 422	\$ 737	\$ 833
expenses	<u> </u>	<u>y</u> 422	<u>v 131</u>	<u>v 633</u>

(6) Direct operating expenses of investment property

	1	oril 1 to 30, 2025	1	oril 1 to 30, 2024	ary 1 to 30, 2025	uary 1 to 30, 2024
Related to lease revenue Depreciation expense Other	\$	1,839 149	\$	1,954 159	\$ 3,806 309	\$ 3,854 313
Other	\$	1,988	\$	2,113	\$ 4,115	\$ 4,167

(7) Employee benefits expenses

	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Post-employment				
benefits				
Determined				
appropriation plan	\$ 31,890	\$ 33,980	\$ 64,900	\$ 66,545
Other employee benefits	330,566	311,589	653,047	597,648
Total employee benefits				
expenses	\$ 362,456	\$ 345,569	<u>\$ 717,947</u>	\$ 664,193
Summarized by function				
Operating costs	\$ 311,071	\$ 290,587	\$ 610,344	\$ 560,144
Operating expenses	51,385	54,982	107,603	104,049
· -	\$ 362,456	\$ 345,569	<u>\$ 717,947</u>	\$ 664,193

(8) Remuneration to the employees and directors

According to the Articles of Association, the Company appropriates the remuneration of employees and directors according to the pre-tax profit before

deducting the remuneration of employees and directors of the current year at a rate of 5% to 10% and less than or equal to 3% respectively. Estimated employee remuneration and director remuneration for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

Estimated ratio

		January 1 to June 30, 202		January 1 to June 30, 2024
Remuneration to em	ployees	9.8%		9.7%
Remuneration to dire	ectors	2.6%		3%
Amount				
	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Remuneration to employees Remuneration to	\$ 26,130	\$ 21,500	\$ 48,630	\$ 44,000
directors	<u>\$ 6,500</u>	<u>\$ 7,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,500</u>

If there is still a change in the amount after the annual consolidated financial statement is approved, it will be treated as a change in accounting estimates and adjusted and recorded in the following year.

Employee remuneration and director remuneration in 2024 and 2023 were approved by the Board of Directors on March 10, 2025 and March 12, 2024 as follows:

Amount

	2024	2023
	Cash	Cash
Remuneration to employees	\$ 90,000	\$ 80,000
Remuneration to directors	<u>\$ 26,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,000</u>

There is no difference between the aforementioned approved amounts of employee remuneration and director remuneration in 2024 and 2023 and the recognized amounts in the consolidated financial statement for 2024 and 2023.

For information on employee remuneration and director remuneration as approved by the Board of Directors, please visit the "MOPS" of the TWSE.

(9) Foreign currency exchange gain and loss

	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Total foreign currency				
exchange gain	\$ 25,336	\$ 43,033	\$ 73,497	\$ 98,264
Total foreign currency				
exchange loss	(144,998)	$(\underline{44,325})$	$(\underline{192,121})$	(49,642)
Net (loss) gain	(\$ 119,662)	(\$ 1,292)	(\$ 118,624)	\$ 48,622

23. <u>Income tax for continuing operation</u>

(1) Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Detail of income tax expenses:

		pril 1 to e 30, 2025		pril 1 to e 30, 2024		nuary 1 to e 30, 2025		uary 1 to 30, 2024
Current income tax								
Current period	\$	59,290	\$	42,735	\$	108,322	\$	78,035
Prior years'								
adjustment	(<u>424</u>)	(3,524)	(424)	(3,524)
		<u>58,866</u>		39,211		107,898		74,511
Deferred income tax								
Current period		2,655	(1,395)		481		3,018
Income tax expense								
recognized in profit or								
loss	\$	61,521	\$	37,816	\$	108,379	\$	77,529

(2) Income tax assessment

The Taiwan branch of the Company's subsidiary GEM Tech Ltd.'s profit-seeking enterprise income tax has been approved by the tax authority until 2023.

The Consolidated Company had no pending tax litigation as of June 30, 2025.

24. <u>Earnings per share</u>

			U	nit: NTD per share
	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Earnings per share - basic From continuing operations Earnings per share - diluted	\$ 1.10	<u>\$ 1.26</u>	\$ 2.53	\$ 2.47
From continuing operations	<u>\$ 1.10</u>	\$ 1.25	<u>\$ 2.51</u>	<u>\$ 2.45</u>

Earnings and the weighted average number of common shares used to calculate earnings per share:

Profit

	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company Net profit used to calculate	\$ 142,484	\$ 162,028	\$ 326,366	\$ 318,481
basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 142,484</u>	<u>\$ 162,028</u>	\$ 326,366	\$ 318,481

Quantity

Unit: thousand shares January 1 to April 1 to April 1 to January 1 to June 30, 2025 June 30, 2024 June 30, 2025 June 30, 2024 Weighted average number of common shares used to calculate basic earnings per 129,047 share 129,047 129,047 129,047 Effect of potential dilutive common shares: Remuneration to employees 737 655 1,207 1,127 Weighted average number of common shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share 129,784 129,702 130,254 130,174

If the Consolidated Company can choose to pay employee remuneration in shares or cash, when calculating diluted earnings per share, assumed that employee remuneration will be issued in shares, the weighted average number of outstanding shares shall be included in the potentially dilutive common shares to calculate the diluted EPS. When calculating the diluted EPS before deciding on the number of shares for employee remuneration in the following year, the potentially dilutive common shares will also be considered.

25. Government grants

GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Consolidated Company, met the subsidy conditions of the local government and received a subsidy of \$84,796 thousand after filing an application for the buildings built and the machinery and equipment purchased by the subsidiary.

This amount has been deducted from the relevant asset's carrying amount and carried forward to profit or loss over the asset's economic life by reducing the depreciation expense. In the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the depreciation expenses were reduced \$2,126 thousand, \$2,056 thousand, \$4,402 thousand, and \$5,113 thousand, respectively.

26. Cash flow

(1) Non-cash transaction

Unless disclosed in other notes, the Consolidated Company conducted the following non-cash investment and financing activities from January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024:

A. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31 and June 30, 2024, the purchase price of unpaid properties, plant and equipment acquired by the Consolidated Company

- were \$117,625 thousand, \$70,990 thousand and \$104,835 thousand respectively, and were accounted as other payables.
- B. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31 and June 30, 2024, there were \$2,468 thousand, \$146 thousand and \$1,946 thousand of declared cash dividends that had not been distributed and were accounted under other payables.
- C. The Consolidated Company signed a production capacity guarantee agreement with the customer and offset the security deposit by offsetting the payment according to the conditions stipulated in the contract. In the six month ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, \$47,882 thousand and \$34,702 thousand, offset the security deposit by offsetting accounts receivable.
- (2) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

January 1 to June 30, 2025

						Non-c	ash changes						
						O	ffsetting	Е	ffect of				
	January 1,					a	ccounts	excl	nange rate				
	2025	Cash f	lows	Fina	nce costs	rec	ceivable	C	hange	(Other	Jun	e 30, 2025
Guarantee deposits and margins													
received	\$ 615,134	\$	-	\$	-	(\$	47,882)	(\$	6,598)	\$	-	\$	560,654
Lease liabilities	98,388	(15	5,998)		1,531			(8,859)	(1,531)		73,531
	\$ 713,522	(\$ 15	5,998)	\$	1,531	(\$_	47,882)	(\$_	15,457)	(\$	1,531)	\$	634,185

January 1 to June 30, 2024

				Non-cash changes			
	January 1,			Offsetting accounts	Effect of exchange rate		
	2024	Cash flows	Finance costs	receivable	change	Other	June 30, 2024
Guarantee deposits and margins							
received	\$ 688,434	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 34,702)	\$ 3,402	\$ -	\$ 657,134
Lease liabilities	36,313 \$ 724,747	$(\underline{16,055})$ $(\underline{\$16,055})$	\$ 553 \$ 553	(\$\frac{34,702}{})	1,600 \$ 5,002	$(\underline{}553)$ $(\underline{\$}553)$	21,858 \$ 678,992

27. Financial instrument

(1) Fair value information - financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management of the Consolidated Company considers that the carrying amounts
of financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value approximate
their fair values.

(2) Types of financial instruments

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2025	2024	2024
Financial asset			
Financial assets measured			
at amortized cost			
(Note 1)	\$ 3,102,480	\$ 3,463,463	\$ 2,847,013

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortized			
cost (Note 2)	962,982	887,470	913,270

Note 1: The balance includes cash and cash equivalents, financial assets measured at amortized cost - current, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties) and refundable deposits.

Note 2: The balance includes financial liabilities such as accounts payable, other payables (excluding salaries and bonuses payable, employee remuneration and director remuneration payable, insurance premiums payable, pensions payable, business tax payable, and cash dividends payable) and guarantee deposit.

(3) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's main financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, investments in debt instruments, receivables, payables, and lease liabilities. Among the financial instruments held by the Consolidated Company, financial risks related to operations include market risk (including exchange rate risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

A. Market risk

The main financial risks borne by the Consolidated Company's operating activities are the foreign currency exchange rate risk (see (A) below) and the interest rate risk (see (B) below).

(A) Foreign currency risk

The Consolidated Company is engaged in foreign currency-denominated sales and purchase transactions, thus causing the Consolidated Company to be exposed to foreign currency risk. The Consolidated Company regularly evaluates the net risk position of the sales amount and cost amount denominated in non-functional currency, and adjusts the cash holding position of the non-functional currency accordingly to achieve hedging.

For the book values of monetary assets and liabilities of the Consolidated Company denominated in non-functional currencies on the balance sheet date (including those monetary items denominated in non-functional currencies that have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements), please refer to Note 30.

Sensitivity analysis

The Consolidated Company is mainly affected by fluctuations in the exchange rates of US dollars and New Taiwan Dollars.

The table below details the sensitivity analysis of the Consolidated Company when the exchange rate of each functional currency of each entity against each relevant foreign currency increases/decreases by 1%. 1% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting exchange rate risk within the Consolidated Company to key management, and also represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible range of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Sensitivity analysis only includes foreign currency monetary items in circulation which is translated at the end of the period with a 1% exchange rate adjustment.

When foreign currency monetary items are net assets, a positive number in the table below means that when the functional currency of each consolidated entity depreciates by 1% relative to each related currency (mainly US dollar and New Taiwan Dollar), the pre-tax net profit or equity will increase by a number of the same amount; when the functional currency of each consolidated entity appreciates by 1% relative to each relevant currency, its impact on pre-tax net profit or equity will be a negative number of the same amount.

	The impact of	of US Dollar	The impact of Ne	ew Taiwan Dollar
	January 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Gain or (loss)	\$18,776 (i)	\$16,378 (i)	(\$ 749)(ii)	(\$ 685)(ii)

i. Mainly from the Consolidated Company's USD-denominated cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables that were in circulation on the balance sheet date without cash flow hedging.

The Consolidated Company's sensitivity to the USD exchange rate increased in the current period, which was due to the increase in receivables denominated in USD.

ii. Mainly from the Consolidated Company's NTD-denominated payables that were still in circulation on the balance sheet date without cash flow hedging.

The Consolidated Company's sensitivity to the NTD exchange rates has not changed significantly during this period compared with the same period last year.

(B) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk exposure is incurred due to the bank deposits and lease liabilities within the Consolidated Company include fixed and floating interest rates.

The book values of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Consolidated Company subject to interest rate risk exposure on the balance sheet date are as follows:

June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Fair value interest rate			
risk			
- Financial assets	\$ 527,400	\$ 1,014,883	\$ 194,699
- Financial			
liabilities	73,531	98,388	21,858
Cash flow interest rate			
risk			
- Financial assets	1,511,854	1,457,028	1,639,197
- Financial			
liabilities	-	-	-

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below is based on the interest rate exposure of non-derivative instruments at the balance sheet date. The analysis for floating rate liabilities assumes that the amounts of the liabilities outstanding at the balance sheet date were all outstanding during the reporting period. The rate of change used in reporting interest rates within the Consolidated Company to key management is a 1% increase or decrease in interest rates, which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible range of changes in interest rates.

If interest rates increased/decreased by 1% when all other variables are held constant, the Consolidated Company's net profit before tax from January 1 to June 30, 2025 and 2024 will increase/decrease by \$7,559

thousand and \$8,196 thousand, respectively, mainly due to the interest rate risk with fluctuations arising from the bank deposits floating interest rate.

The Consolidated Company's sensitivity to interest rates decreased in the current period, which is due to the decrease in bank deposits with floating interest rates.

B. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty defaults on its contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Consolidated Company. As of the balance sheet date, the maximum credit risk exposure of the Consolidated Company that may result in financial losses due to the counterparty's failure to perform its obligations is from the carrying amount of financial assets recognized in the consolidated balance sheet.

The policy adopted by the Consolidated Company is to transact with reputable counterparties and to obtain adequate guarantees to mitigate the risk of financial loss due to default when necessary. The Consolidated Company rates major customers by creating complete customer profiles, using publicly available financial and non-financial information, and referring to past transaction records with the Consolidated Company. The Consolidated Company continuously monitors the credit exposure and the credit rating of the counterparty and controls the credit exposure through the counterparty's credit limit which is reviewed and approved annually by the responsible supervisor.

The Consolidated Company continuously evaluates the financial status of customers with accounts receivable and contract assets and reviews the recoverable amounts of accounts receivable and contract assets to ensure that unrecoverable accounts receivable and contract assets have been properly set aside for impairment losses. When necessary, receipts in advance will be adopted as a transaction term to reduce credit risk. Thus, the credit risk on accounts receivable and contract assets is expected to be limited.

The credit risk of the Consolidated Company is concentrated in the top five customers. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31 and June 30, 2024, the ratio for the total amount of accounts receivable and total contract assets came from the top five customers were 55%, 47% and 50%, respectively.

C. Liquidity risk

The Consolidated Company manages and maintains a sufficient position of cash and cash equivalents to support the Group's operations and mitigate the impact of fluctuations in cash flow.

Liquidity and Interest Rate Risk for Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities

The analysis of the remaining contractual maturity of non-derivative financial liabilities is based on the earliest date on which the Consolidated Company may be required to repay, and is prepared based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities (including principal and estimated interest). The maturity analysis of other non-derivative financial liabilities is prepared according to the agreed repayment date.

June 30, 2025

Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities	Payment at sight or less than 1 month \$ 211,188	1 to 3 months \$ 224,054 976 \$ 225,030	3 to 12 months \$ 511,616	1 to 5 years \$ 18,592 44,091 \$ 62,683	More than 5 years \$
December 31, 2024					
Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities	Payment at sight or less than 1 month \$ 197,279	1 to 3 months \$ 216,442 1,088 \$ 217,530	3 to 12 months \$ 453,178	1 to 5 years \$ 20,717 67,159 \$ 87,876	More than 5 years \$ - \$ -
June 30, 2024					
Non-interest bearing liabilities	Payment at sight or less than 1 month \$ 192,380	1 to 3 months \$ 201,906	3 to 12 months \$ 500,248	1 to 5 years \$ 20,682	More than 5 years
Lease liabilities	8,307 \$ 200,687	\$ 201,961	9,366 \$ 509,614	\$ 25,236	\$ -

28. Related party transaction

The ultimate parent entity and ultimate controller of the Company is Elite Advanced Laser Corporation which held 51% of the Company's shares on June 30, 2025, and December 31 and June 30, 2024.

Transactions, account balances, income and expenses between the Company and its subsidiaries (which are related parties of the Company) are all eliminated upon

consolidation, thus not disclosed in this note. Unless disclosed in other notes, the transactions between the Consolidated Company and other related parties are as follows.

(1) Name and relationship of related party

	Relationship with the
Related party	consolidated company
Elite Advanced Laser Corporation	Ultimate parent entity
Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Device (Hefei)	Associate
Co., Ltd.	

(2) Revenue

	Related party	April 1 to	April 1 to	January 1 to	January 1 to
Account	categories	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Electroplating services	Associate	\$ 26,185	\$ 23,740	\$ 50,042	\$ 44,493
Lease revenue	Associate	<u>\$ 11,550</u>	<u>\$ 12,268</u>	<u>\$ 23,904</u>	<u>\$ 24,200</u>
Other	Associate	\$ 1,721	\$ 1,712	\$ 3,561	\$ 3,376

There is no other comparable transaction of the same sales price and conditions of the related parties. The revenue from electroplating services is determined by the cost-plus pricing, and the payment terms are monthly T/T 45 days. The lease revenue is based on the contract signed according to the general market conditions, and the rent is collected on a monthly basis; the other service revenue is collected on a monthly basis according to the contract content.

(3) Receivables from related parties

Aggount	Related party	ine 30, 2025	mber 31, 2024	ne 30, 2024
Account	categories	2023	 2024	 2024
Accounts receivable due from	Associate			
related parties		\$ 9,394	\$ 8,903	\$ 9,223
Other receivables - related	Associate			
parties		\$ 276	\$ 863	\$ 179

The outstanding receivables from related parties are not overdue, and no guarantee has been received. No allowance for losses was provided for receivables from related parties

(4) Lease agreement

	Apri	1 1 to	Apr	il 1 to	Janua	ary 1 to	Janu	ary 1 to
Related party categories	June 3	0, 2025	June 3	0, 2024	June 3	30, 2025	June 3	30, 2024
Lease expense								
Ultimate parent entity	\$	51	\$	51	\$	102	\$	102

The Consolidated Company leased buildings and parking spaces from the Ultimate Parent Entity over a lease term of one year. The rent is signed according to the general market conditions and rents are paid monthly. The lease fee is a short-term lease, and the total lease payments to be paid in the future are as follows:

	Jun	June 30,		December 31,		e 30,
_	20)25	2024		20)24
Total lease payments to be						
paid in the future	<u>\$</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>\$</u>	97

(5) Lease agreement

Operation lease/ sublease

The Consolidated Company leases the buildings and subleases the land use rights related to the buildings to its associate, Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Semiconductor (Hefei) Co., Ltd., for a lease term of five years, with an option to extend the lease term for two years. The rent is signed according to the general market conditions and rents are paid monthly. At the end of the lease period, the lessee will not have the bargain purchase price option to purchase the real estate. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31 and June 30, 2024, the total lease payments to be received in the future are as follows:

	June 30, 2025		ember 31, 2024	June 30, 2024		
Year 1	\$ 44,771	\$	49,888	\$	49,805	
Year 2	22,385		49,888		49,805	
Year 3	-		-		24,903	
Year 4	_		-		-	
Year 5	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
	\$ 67,156	\$	99,776	\$	124,513	

The lease revenue recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$11,550 thousand, \$12,268 thousand, \$23,904 thousand, and \$24,200 thousand, respectively.

(6) Other related party transactions

Account	Related party categories	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024	
Guarantee deposits and margins received	Associate	<u>\$ 1,585</u>	\$ 1,767	<u>\$ 1,764</u>	
Refundable deposits paid Advance receipts	Ultimate parent entity Associate	\$ 20 \$ 3,677	\$ 20 \$ 4,097	\$ 20 \$ 4,090	

(7) Remuneration for key managerial officers

	April 1 to June 30, 2025	April 1 to June 30, 2024	January 1 to June 30, 2025	January 1 to June 30, 2024		
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 21,091	\$ 22,261	\$ 41,232	\$ 44,035		
Post-employment benefits	54	54	108	108		
	<u>\$ 21,145</u>	<u>\$ 22,315</u>	<u>\$ 41,340</u>	<u>\$ 44,143</u>		

The remuneration of directors and other key managerial officers is determined by the Remuneration Committee in accordance with individual performance and market trends.

29. Material contingent liabilities and unrecognized contractual commitments

The unrecognized contractual commitments of the Consolidated Company are as follows:

Unit: Foreign currency (thousand)

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment			
USD	<u>\$ 707</u>	<u>\$ 30</u>	\$ -
RMB	\$ 2,482	\$ 2,127	\$ 3,083

30. Information on significant foreign currency assets and liabilities

The following information is expressed in foreign currencies other than the functional currencies of the Consolidated Companies. The exchange rates disclosed refer to the rates at which these foreign currencies are converted to functional currencies. Significant foreign currency assets and liabilities are as follows:

June 30, 2025

	-	gn currency ousand)	Exchange rate	Car	rying amount
Assets in foreign currency Monetary items					
USD	\$	59,959	7.1586 (USD: RMB)	\$	1,756,790
USD		39,211	29.3000 (USD: NTD)		1,148,868
Liabilities in foreign currency Monetary items					
USD		9,823	7.1586 (USD: RMB)		287,820
USD		25,264	29.3000 (USD: NTD)		740,242
NTD		31,219	0.0341 (NTD: USD)		31,219
NTD		43,708	0.2443 (NTD: RMB)		43,708

December 31, 2024

	gn currency ousand)	Exchange rate	Car	rying amount
Assets in foreign currency Monetary items USD USD	\$ 48,235 41,697	7.1884 (USD: RMB) 32.7850 (USD: NTD)	\$	1,581,389 1,367,050
Liabilities in foreign currency Monetary items USD USD NTD NTD	10,254 22,361 44,289 81,334	7.1884 (USD: RMB) 32.7850 (USD: NTD) 0.0305 (NTD: USD) 0.2193 (NTD: RMB)		336,163 733,121 44,289 81,334
June 30, 2024				
	gn currency ousand)	Exchange rate	Car	rying amount
Assets in foreign currency Monetary items USD	\$ 49,880	7.1268 (USD: RMB)	\$	1,618,615
Liabilities in foreign currency Monetary items USD	33,903 10,173	32.4500 (USD: NTD) 7.1268 (USD: RMB)		1,100,144 330,107
USD NTD NTD	23,139 32,872 35,609	32.4500 (USD: NTD) 0.0308 (NTD: USD) 0.2196 (NTD: RMB)		750,850 32,872 35,609

The Consolidated Company's net gain or (loss) on foreign exchange (including realized and unrealized) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were (\$119,662) thousand, (\$1,292) thousand, (\$118,624) thousand and \$48,622 thousand, respectively. Due to the wide variety of foreign currency transactions and functional currencies of the Group, it is not possible to disclose exchange gains and losses and significant impact for each currency.

31. Notes to disclosures

- (1) Information on significant transactions:
 - A. Lending funds to others. (None)
 - B. Providing endorsements or guarantees for others. (None)

- C. Holding of significant securities at the end of the period (excluding the portion held due to investment in a subsidiary or an associate, and the portion held due to an interest in a joint venture). (None)
- D. The purchase and sale of goods with related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more. (Table 1)
- E. Accounts receivable from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more. (Table 2)
- F. Others: The relationship and circumstances and amounts of material transactions between the parent and subsidiary companies and between each subsidiary. (Table 3)
- (2) Information on investees. (Table 4)
- (3) Information of investment in Mainland China:
 - A. Name of the investee company in Mainland China, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, shareholding ratio, profit or loss for the period, and recognized investment gain or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriated investment gains, and limit on the amount of investment in Mainland China. (Table 5)
 - B. Any of the following significant transactions with investees in Mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third area, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses:
 - (A) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period. (Table 1 and Table 3)
 - (B) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period. (None)
 - (C) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses. (None)
 - (D) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes. (None)
 - (E) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds. (None)
 - (F) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the period or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receiving of services. (Note 28)

32. <u>Department information</u>

Information provided to the operation decision maker to allocate resources and measure departmental performance, focusing on each type of product or service delivered or provided.

The operation decision maker regards semiconductor foundry and sales units in each region as individual operating departments, but when preparing financial statements, the Consolidated Company considers the following factors and aggregates these operating departments as a single department:

- (1) Similar product properties and process;
- (2) Similar product pricing strategy and sales model.

The purchase and sale of goods with related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more January 1 to June 30, 2025

Table 1

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Tran	saction Detail	5	Abnormal Transaction		Notes/ Accoun		
Company Name	Counterparty	Nature of Relationships	Purchases/ Sales	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	Remark
GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Sales	(\$ 797,233)	(62%)	Net 90 days from the end of the month of delivery	_	-	\$ 402,866	68%	Notes 1, 2 and 3
GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	797,233	64%	"	_	_	(402,866)	(64%)	Notes 1, 2 and 3
	GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	"	Purchase	450,100	36%	"	_	_	(224,568)	(36%)	Notes 1, 2 and 3
GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	"	Sales	(450,100)	(59%)	"	_	Ι	224,568	75%	Notes 1, 2 and 3

Note 1: The transaction price is determined by the cost-plus pricing.

Note 2: There is no unrealized profit or loss for this period.

Note 3: It has been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Accounts receivable from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

June 30, 2025

Table 2

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Ov	verdue	Amounts	
Company Name	Counterparty	Nature of	Ending Balance	Turnover			Received in	Allowance for
1 3	1 7	Relationships		Rate	Amount	Action Taken	Subsequent Period (Note 1)	Bad Debts
GEM Electronics	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan	Subsidiary to	Accounts receivable	4.03	\$ -	_	\$ 128,232	\$ -
(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Branch	subsidiary	\$ 402,866					
GEM Electronics	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan	Subsidiary to	Accounts receivable	4.04	-	_	72,776	-
(Hefei) Co., Ltd.	Branch	subsidiary	224,568					

Note 1: Amount recovered from July 1 to August 11, 2025.

Note 2: It has been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The relationship and circumstances and amounts of material transactions between the parent and subsidiary companies and between each subsidiary.

January 1 to June 30, 2025

Table 3

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Relationship to the		Transaction D	etails	
No.	Counterparty	Transaction Counterparty	Counterparty	Account	Amount (Note 1)	Transaction Terms	% of Total Sales or Assets (Note 2)
1	GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	Note 3 (3)	Sales Revenue	\$ 797,233 (Note 4)	Net 90 days from the end of the month of	31%
	551, 2141					delivery	
				Accounts receivable due from related parties	402,866	-	7%
				Contract assets - related parties	45,146	-	1%
2	GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch	Note 3 (3)	Sales Revenue	450,100 (Note 4)	Net 90 days from the end of the month of delivery	17%
				Accounts receivable due from related parties	224,568	-	4%
				Contract assets - related parties	26,736	-	-
3	GEM Tech Ltd.	The Company	Note 3 (2)	Remittance of earnings	631,267	-	10%

The business relationship between the parent and the subsidiaries:

The Company and GEM Electronics Company Limited are holding companies; GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., GEM Tech Ltd., Taiwan Branch, and GEM Tech Ltd. are mainly engaged in the manufacture and sale of electronic parts; GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd. is mainly engaged in the manufacture and sale of electronic parts and plant leasing.

- Note 1: This table discloses information on one-way transactions only, which have been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 2: The calculation of the ratio of the transaction amount to the consolidated total revenue or total assets is calculated by the closing balance for the consolidated total assets if it is an asset-liability account or calculated by the interim account for the consolidated total revenue if it is a profit and loss account.

Note 3: Relationship to the counterparty:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 4: There is no unrealized profit or loss for this period.

$Information, \, location... \, \, and \, other \, related \, information \, of \, subsidiaries \,$

January 1 to June 30, 2025

Table 4

(Except for the number of shares, all denominated in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and foreign currency)

Invactor				Original Investment Amoun		Holding of Inve	estment at the E	nd of the Period	Net Income	Share of Profits	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Business Scope	End of the	End of Last Year	Ouantity	Proportion	Carrying	(Losses) of the	(Losses) of	Remark
Company				Current Period	Liid of Last Tear	Quantity	Troportion	Amount	Investee	Investee	
The Company	GEM Electronics Company Limited	British Virgin Islands	Holding company business	\$ -	\$ -	100	100%	\$ 2,935,496	\$ 161,927	\$ 161,927	Note 1
	GEM Tech Ltd.	Samoa	Manufacture and sales of electronic	18,202	18,202	606,091	100%	1,015,760	246,561	246,561	Note 1
			parts	(USD 606)	(USD 606)						

Note 1: The share of profit (losses) of investee is based on the financial statements of the investee company audited by the CPA during the same period.

Note 2: It has been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Note 3: Please refer to Table 5 for relevant information on investment in Mainland China.

Information of investment in Mainland China

January 1 to June 30, 2025

Table 5

Unit: thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/ foreign currency

Investee Company in China	Business Scope	Paid-in shares Capital	Investment Method	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2025	Investme	Inflow	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of June 30, 2025	The Company's Direct or Indirect Holding Percentage	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee	Share of Profits (Losses) of Investee	Carrying Amount of Investments at the End of the Period	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of June 30, 2025
GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note 4)	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts	\$ 2,021,700 (USD 69,000) (Note 5)	Reinvested by GEM Electronics Company Limited (Note 1(2))	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	100%	\$ 161,927	\$ 161,927 (Note 2(2) 2.)	\$ 2,935,496	\$ -
GEM Electronics (Hefei) Co., Ltd. (Note 4)	Manufacture and sales of electronic parts, plant leasing	1,786,630 (RMB 436,511)	Reinvested by GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note 1(3))	-	-	-	-	100%	41,150	41,150 (Note 2(2) 2.)	1,236,392	-
Mitsubishi Electric GEM Power Device (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	Production, design, packaging and testing of power management electronic accessories	(USD 5,000)	Reinvested by GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note 1(3))	-	-	-	-	20%	51,597	10,319 (Note 2(2) 3.)	118,584	-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of June 30, 2025	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(Note 6)

Note 1: There are three types of investment methods, and they indicated below:

- 1. Directly conduct investment in China.
- 2. Reinvestment in Mainland China through a third regional company (GEM Electronics Company Limited).
- 3. Other methods (reinvestment through GEM Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.).

Note 2: In share of profits (losses) of investee

- 1. It shall be indicated if it is under preparation without investment profit or loss.
- 2. The basis for recognition of investment gains and losses is divided into the following three types, which should be indicated.
 - (1) Financial statements audited by an international accounting firm that has a cooperative relationship with an accounting firm of the Republic of China.
 - (2) Financial statements audited by the certified accounting firm by the parent company in Taiwan.
 - (3) Based on the financial statements of the investee that have not been audited by accountants during the same period.
- Note 3: Relevant figures in this table should be denominated in New Taiwan Dollars.
- Note 4: It has been eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 5: Part of it is reinvested with surplus funds from the third region.
- Note 6: The Company is not a company established by the Republic of China, so it is not applicable.